The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1874. VOL. 89.—NO. 29.

DAILY GAZETTE.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Latest Dispatches from Various Quarters.

—The outstanding legal tenders yesterday amounted to $881,510,027.

—Governor Allen has appointed Dr. Joel Pomerine, of Millersburg, Surgeon General of Ohio.

—A heavy rain in Savannah, Ga., yesterday, made necessary a postponement of the races till Monday.

—The Utah Northern Railroad is completed to Ogden, and the first train passed over the road from Ogden to Logan yesterday.

—At Omaha, Neb., Charles Feldman was knocked down and robbed of six hundred dollars last Thursday night. The men who did it have been arrested.

—A special dispatch says General Sickles took his final leave of the Spanish Government yesterday and placed Secretary Adee in charge of the legation.

—The President has nominated Chas. A. T. Weed to be Assistant Justice of the Supreme Court of Utah, and Harrison Osborn, pension agent at Baltimore.

—Edwin Booth, the well known actor, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Among the secured liabilities is a claim of Oakes Ames, estate for one hundred thousand dollars.

—The Chief Justice of Utah Territory has appointed John McBride as United States Attorney, on account of complaints made of the brutal treatment of soldiers by the police of Salt Lake City.

—The Secretary of the Treasury, in a communication to the House of Representativer, says the total reduction on duties by the act of June 6, 1872, reducing the duties 10 per cent., amounts to $8,652,932.

—The National Grange, now in session in St. Louis, held two sessions yesterday. There are 1,600 subordinate granges in Missouri. It is proposed to print the constitution and by-laws of the National Grange in all languages.

—The poultry and egg packing establishment owned by V. A. Farr, in Springfield, Ohio, was destroyed by fire last Thursday night. The loss is about $8,000, insured for $2,500. A stable adjoining, belonging to P. A. Schindler, was also burned; loss about $200.

—In the House of the Ohio Legislature, yesterday, bills were introduced providing that County Auditors shall keep a book designating additions and deductions from taxes, and to give a minority of a corporation who have not received a dividend for three years the right to dissolve the corporation.

—The Trustees of the Cincinnati and Southern railroad have assigned the contract for making the road-bed ready for the rails, but exclusive of two river bridges and iron trestles, for eighty miles, between South Danville, Kentucky, and the Tennessee State line, to eighteen out of one hundred and sixty-four bidders. The cost will be one million and a half of dollars.

—In Montgomery county, Kentucky, last Saturday night, a band of masked men visited the house of a man named Carter. No one was at home but a son of Carter, seven years old, who at the sight of the men ran towards a neighbor's house. The men fired at the child as he ran, inflicting wounds from which he died last Thursday night. The local papers advise the organization of a vigilance committee to hunt down the murderers.

—The Board of Engineers appointed by the United States Senate, consisting of General J. G. Barnard, General George N. Weitzel, General Quincy A. Gilmore, Colonel Wm. P. Craighill and Lieutenant Thomas Turtle, together with Benjamin H. Latrobe, of Baltimore, have been for several days in Richmond, Va., examining into the practicability of a central line from the Ohio river to the seaboard. On Thursday they made an excursion up the James river and Kanawha canal, accompanied by Colonel Carrington, President, and Captain Harris, Engineer of the canal.

—Orders have been received at the headquarters of the Department of the Platte, at Omaha, reducing the funds for the payment of civilian employes from twenty to five thousand dollars per month. This will be a hard blow to many of them, being at remote points, unable to travel, if transportation can be obtained at all, on account of the severe weather. The order will include the discharge of telegraph operators in Government employ, which will leave the frontier posts without this mode of communication, which is at all times imperative, especially so in view of the reported uprising contemplated by the Indians.

—In the United States District Court, in Philadelphia, yesterday, in the Franklin Savings Fund case, the counsel for the petitioner said that upon looking at the investment accounts, they found on the debit side $1,500,000 and on the credit side $500,000 in amount, kept in lead pencil, subject to alteration, and it was very important that they should inspect all the books to see whether such alterations had or had not been made. They thought it highly probable that the books had been tampered with, for on the very day the injunction was served they showed transactions to the extent of $10,000. Judge Cadwalader adjudicated the institution a bankrupt.

—The principal through lines to and from New York to the West have adopted a uniform scale of classification for freights. The classification has reference to the bulk and cost of the goods. High priced goods and bulky light goods will be charged high rates, and low priced heavy goods low figures. The following are the rates of the various classes of goods to some of the principal western cities: Chicago, first $1.00, second 90 cents, third 75 cents, fourth 60 cents, special 45 cents; St. Louis, first $1.28, second $1.16, third 97 cents, fourth 79 cents, special 61 cents; Cincinnati, first 92 cents, second 80 cents, third 70 cents, fourth 55 cents, special 41 cents.

—At Ripley, Ohio, yesterday, the ladies, determained in the temperance movement, persevered through the storm and slush all day. More liquor sellers have surrendered. Others were obstinate. One man gave the ladies an invitation to come, and then shut them out in the storm, where they sang and prayed for these men, asking God to shut mercy's door against them. Another slammed the door angrily and displayed a revolver. The ladies sang and prayed outside before leaving. The business houses were closed all day for prayer. The interest is intense. The saloon keepers are all willing to be bought out. This is positively declined. One half the saloons have succumbed before the prayers and tears of a hundred women. A discarded priest, now a Lutheran minister, tried hard to rally the liquor forces, but the women prayed at him and for him till he retreated in confusion and left them rapidly in possession of the field.

CRIME.

—Captain Kinsy and his wife, W. Dow and the two McLson brothers, tried for the murder of Harvey Green at Pescaderoo, Cal., last November, in a contest about the possession of a farm, were convicted in San Francisco yesterday of manslaughter. The trial lasted nearly two weeks.

—John McCarty, the Memphis incendiary, was captured near Como, Miss., yesterday, by a young man residing there. McCarty admits being in the shops that night and having a row with the watchman, who attempted to prevent his burning the books and papers of the Master Machinist, but denies that he fired the building. Arson is a capital crime in Tennessee.

—A case of extreme cruelty was developed in Cincinnati yesterday by the Coroner. On the 27th of January a woman named Caroline Benny, while in childbirth, was ejected from her room by a constable for non-payment of rent On her way to a house in another street she gave birth to the child, which died last Thursday night. The woman was thrown out into the rain without clothing.

FIRES.

—The residence of Harvey Lewis, in Little Rock, Ark., was burned yesterday morning. Loss $2,500; insured for $1,500.

—The house of Lewis Cleshire, at Austin, Miss., together with thirty bales of cotton, was burned on Thursday. Loss $15,000.

CASUALTIES.

—The steam boiler in Baird & Roper's shingle mill, at Deep Creek, eight miles from Norfolk, Va., exploded last Thursday evening, killing four persons and badly scalding four others.

—At Louisville, yesterday morning, a child of John Eatz, ten weeks old, was found dead in a bucket of water placed at the head of the parents' bed. It is supposed the child fell from the bed into the bucket and was drowned.

FOREIGN.

—M. Buffet has been re-elected President of the French Assembly.

—Dispatches from Pesaeng report that the cholera is decreasing in Acheen. A reconnoitering party of the expedition had been attacked by the enemy, and twenty were killed and wounded.

FIRST EDITION.

HARRISBURG.

Settling with Singerly—The Cassville Trouble—The Great Question of Judicial Salaries—Another Round at the Bill—The "Free Pass" Prospect.

The Great Snowstorm—Plenty of the "White Mantle" on the Mountains — Commissioner Bigham Wants a New Census—No Money for Philadelphia Election Officers.

Special to the Gazette.

HARRISBURG, February 3, 1874.

SENATE.

The State Printers' Bill.

Mr. RUTAN, from the Finance Committee, reported back, with favorable recommendation, the act authorizing the Auditor General to settle with the late State Printer. This settlement will be made on the basis of the actual loss of public documents, suffered by the State Printer in the late fire.

Esculapian.

Mr. GRAHAM, an act to regulate the practice of medicine throughout the State.

The "Venue" Act.

The act authorizing a change of venue in certain cases, which has been the subject of so much debate, passed the Senate this morning.

Mr. ANDERSON of Allegheny offered a resolution to correct and record the coat of arms of the State.

The "Cassville" Investigation.

The Speaker announced that he would sign the resolution for payment of the expenses of the investigation, of the charges made against the Superintendent of the Soldiers' Orphan School at Cassville.

Corporations.

Mr. WALLACE from the sub-Committee on Constitutional Reform, presented an act in reference to regulating of corporations.

Prisoners Testifying.

Mr. CUTLER, from Judiciary Local Committee, returned with favorable recommendations, the act permitting criminals who were defendants to testify.

Adjourned until Tuesday.

HOUSE.

The bill for the regulation of the taxes of corporations, was taken up and passed first reading.

Judges' Salaries.

The order of the day, the consideration of the Judicial Salary bill was taken up. The yeas and nays were called on the amendment of Mr. Ramey's when it was voted down by yeas 38; nays 46. Mr. Ramey's amendment was one making the salary of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court $7,000 instead of $9,000; the salary of the Associate Justices $7,000 instead of $8,000; the salary of the District courts of Philadelphia and Allegheny county $6,000 instead of $7,000, and all other law judges $4,000 instead of $5,000, except that of the president judge of the court of common pleas of Dauphin county, which was $5,000 instead of $6,000, and include mileage to all the judges.

This leaves the bill as at first reported.

The "Free Pass" Bill.

Mr. BUCKALEW's "Free Pass" bill is likely to be the incentive for another round of debate. It provides "that no railroad or other transportation company shall grant free passes, or other passes at a discount to any persons except officers or employes of the company, whose names shall be borne upon the pay rolls of said company; and any persons signing or issuing any such free passes except to such officers or employes shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500."

The act takes effect immediately after its passage.

The Snow Storm.

A heavy snow storm is prevailing here, and all along the railroad lines east and west, on the mountains. Thus far, however, the trains have been enabled to keep to their schedules.

A State Census.

State Statistician Bigham wants a new census of the State taken in 1878, and is talking the matter up among the members of the Legislature, in his own voluble and persistent style. He wants it taken for the Centennial, and be cause there never has been a separate State census taken. There is as yet no expression of opinion, but the matter is likely to come before the Senate at an early day.

Prison Reform.

Considerable interest in the subject of Prison Reform, has been created here by the address of Dr. E. C. Wines, Secretary of the American Prison Reform Association. Dr. Wines addressed a meeting in which there were present a number of Legislators, in the hall of the House of Representatives last night. In the course of his remarks, Dr. Wines referred to the Allegheny County Work House as the best managed institution, of a penal or reformatory character, in the State.

Superintendent CORDIER of the Work House, who accompanied Dr. Wines to Harrisburg, also made an address.

No specified plan was brought up, and I don't know that there is any intention to have the Legislature called upon to aid in the work, but the meeting seems to have been called to give the members an idea of the progress made during the past year, in institutions which in a measure are under the supervision of the State.

Can't Pay.

Attorney General Dimmick has brought grief to the officers who held the election in Philadelphia, December 16, in reference to the new Constitution, by deciding that the State Treasurer has no authority to pay them inasmuch as the ordinance authorizing the same passed by the Convention has been declared illegal.

ARCTIC.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, February 6.—River 20 feet, falling. Departed—Andes, Wheeling; Paragon, New Orleans. Snowing and cloudy.

LOUISVILLE, February 5.—The river is falling, with nine feet nine inches in the canal and seven feet one inch in the Indian pass. At intervals during the day it rained, snowed and sleeted. All the boats which have passed through the canal since the late order of the Canal Company have been charged only half rates. Now, however, until another rise, full tolls will be charged. Arrived—Shannon, New Orleans; Mary Houston, New Orleans; Andy Baun, Cincinnati; Departed.—Shanon, Cincinnati; John Kilgour, New Orleans; Andy Baun, Memphis.

CAIRO, February 6.—Arrived—Mattie Ebert, New Orleans, 1 P. M.; Idlewild, Evansville, 3; Indiana, New Orleans, 4; James D. Parker, Memphis, 5; Minnesota, Cincinnati, 6. Departed.—Laura Davis, Nashville, Grand Tower, Memphis, and Esperanza, Ohio river, 9 last night. Departed to-day—Ebert, Pittsburgh, 1 P. M.; Fanny Lewis, St. Louis, 4; Sam Roberts, St. Louis; Idlewild, Evansville, and Parker, Cincinnati, 6 P. M. River fallen 14 inches. Cloudy; mercury 44.

EVANSVILLE, IND, February 6.—It rained and snowed from 1 A. M. till noon; mercury 33 to 58, River fallen 22 inches. Up—Quickstep, 10 P. M.; Pat Rogers, 2 A. M.; Fayette and Roberts, 9. Down—Charmer, 6:30 A. M.; Lawrence, 7; Robert Mitchell, 10; Tarascon, 1 P. M.; Mary Ann, 3; Mary Amant, 5:30. Business dull on account of bad weather.

ST. LOUIS, February 6.—Arrived—Laura Davis, Nashville; Colossal, Kaokuk; Cresent City, Cairo. Departed—Messenger, Pittsburgh; Bois of Memphis. River falling steadily. Cloudy, with flurries of snow.

MEMPHIS, February 6.—River falling slowly. Cool and rainy. Arrived—Bannock City, White river. Departed—City of Helena, St. Louis; Labarge, Red river; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg; Chas. Bodman, New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, February 6.—Arrived Pauline Carroll, St. Louis. Departed—Thompson Dean and Sam. J. Hale, Cincinnati. Cloudy and cool.

NASHVILLE, February 6.—River falling, 11 feet 8 inches large on shoals. Weather cloudy, damp, and raining all day.

INDIAN TERRITORY.

Adjournment of the Choctaw Council—Result of their Deliberations.

CADDO, INDIAN TERRITORY, February 6.—The Choctaw Council has just adjourned, after a session of three weeks. The result of their deliberations may be summed up as follows: They passed resolutions protesting against a Territorial Government and the allotment of their lands in severalty, protesting against the Chickasaw survey and allotment, and refused to entertain the proposition to adopt the negroes residing among them. They appointed a commission of three persons to go to Washington to effect a settlement of the boundary line between Arkansas and the Choctaw Nation, and to personally urge Congress not to pass the Territorial bill. They repudiate the Cochran contract, under which seventy-five thousand dollars have already been advanced. This action does not reflect the sentiment of the intelligent portion of the nation. A majority of the Legislature is composed of full-blood Indians from the mountain districts, with the Governor at their head, who publicly stated that if he had his way he would hang every white man in the nation, and if he could he would open his veins and let it out. The civilized Indians of this Territory do not want to be transferred to the War Department, but they do want a Territoral Government, with Courts of Justice, and delegates in Congress to speak for them. They do not need Government agents, but they want citizenship and equal rights with all.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

The Senate Making Satisfactory Progress on the Bankrupt Bill.

WASHINGTON, February 6, 1874.

SENATE.

Compensation of Witnesses.

Mr. Morrill (Me.) submitted a resolution fixing the compensation of witnesses summoned before the Senate Investigating Committee at four dollars per day, and five cents per mile each way for traveling expenses. Agreed to.

Irrigation.

Mr. Morrill (Vt.) submitted a resolution directing the Commissioner of Agriculture to communicate to the Senate the report of George P. Marsh on Irrigration. Agreed to.

The Flathead Indians.

On motion of Mr. STEWART, the House bill amendatory of the act to provide for the removal of the Flathead and other Indians in Montana Territory was taken up and passed.

The Bounty Bill.

On motion of Mr. BUCKINGHAM, the bill in relation to bounties was passed.

It provides that all who enlisted in the army under the proclamation of May 3, and previous to August, 1861, be paid a bounty of one hundred dollars, providing the same has not already been paid.

Mail Contracts.

The resolution offered a few days ago requesting the Postmaster General to inform the Senate how many contractors for the transportation of mails had more than five contracts on the 1st of July, &c., and what legislation is necessary to secure the services of *bona fide* contractors, was, on motion of Mr. SCOTT, taken up and aggreed to.

Bills Reported.

Mr. SCOTT from the Committee on Finance, reported, with amendments, Mr. Boutwell's bill to provide for the appraisement of merchandise in certain cases, which was placed on the calendar.

Mr. KELLY, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported, without an amendment, the House bill amendatory of the act of May 23, 1872, withdrawing certain public land for use by the city of Cheyenne, Wyoming.

Tax on Railway Lands.

Mr. HITCHCOCK introduced a bill providing that all lands granted to railroad companies shall be subjected to State and county taxation. Referred.

A Resolution Withdrawn.

On motion of Mr. MORRILL (Me.) the vote by which the resolution fixing the compensation and mileage of witnesses was passed, was reconsidered, and he withdrew the resolution for the present.

Relief for an Ex-Officer.

The bill for the relief of Hiram Prather, late Lieutenant Colonel of the Sixth Regiment of Indiana Volunteer Infantry, was passed.

The Bankrupt Bill.

The morning hour having expired, the Senate resumed consideration of the Bankrupt bill, the pending amendment being that of Mr. Sherman to fix ninety instead of forty days as the time when the persons mentioned in the thirty-ninth section of the bill should be declared bankrupt.

The yeas and nays being ordered, the amendment was rejected by a vote of 29 nays to 15 yeas.

Mr. ALLISON moved to amend the thirty-ninth section so that it would require one-third of the number of creditors, representing at least one half of the amount of the debts, to force a person into bankruptcy, instead of one-fourth of the number of creditors and one-third of the amount of debts, as recommended by the committee. Rejected.

Mr. LOGAN offered an amendment allowing the Court, if it be proven that the person sought to be adjudged a bankrupt had sufficient assets to pay the debts, to order a stay of proceedings for six months, and if the debts should not be paid in that time, then such person shall be declared a bankrupt. Rejected—yeas 9 nays 30.

After one or two verbal amendments the thirty-ninth section of the original law as amended and reported by the Judiciary Committee was agreed to by the Senate, with the exception of filling the blank as to the time when the provisions of the section should apply to all cases of compulsory or involuntary bankruptcy.

The other amendments presented by the Judiciary Committee were agreed to as reported, with a few verbal changes.

The committee's amendments, as passed by the Senate, fix the time at forty days within which any banker, broker, merchant, trader, manufacturer, or miner, who has stopped or suspended and not resumed payment of his commercial paper, shall not be deemed a bankrupt, and prescribe that the fees, commission, charges and allowances, excepting actual and necessary disbursements of and to be made to officers, agents, marshals, messengers, assignees and registers in cases of bankruptcy, shall be reduced to one-half of the allowances heretofore provided for. The Justices of the Supreme Court, who are to make new rules and regulations in respect to the law, are empowered to consolidate the duties of the register, assignee, marshal and clerk, and to reduce the cost of the charges, to the end that prolixity, delay and unnecessary expense may be avoided.

Mr. EDMUNDS offered a new amendment, conferring jurisdiction in bankrupt cases on any Circuit or District Court of the United States which was agreed to.

He also offered an amendment dispensing with personal service of notice in all cases of claims not exceeding fifty dollars, and providing in cases where the amount should be under that sum that notice be given by publication in newspapers. Agreed to.

He also offered an additional section to the bill, providing that it shall be the duty of the Marshal of each district, in the month of July in each year, to report to the Clerk of the District Court, in tabular form, to be prescribed by the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, first, the number of cases in bankruptcy in which warrants have come to his hands; second, how many such warrants were returned, with the fees, costs and expenses and emoluments thereof; third, the total amount of all other fees, costs, expenses and emoluments earned and received by him during the year from or in respect to any matter in bankruptcy, fourth, a summary statement of such fees, costs and emoluments, exclusive of actual disbursements, in bankruptcy received or earned during the year; fifth, a summarized statement of all actual disbursements in such cases; also requiring every register to report in like manner the number of voluntary and compulsory cases in bankruptcy coming before him during the year, the amount of liabilities of the bankrupt, the amount and rate per cent. of all dividends declared, and the disposition of all such cases. He is required to make a similar return, and the clerk of the court, in the month of August in each year, is requested to transmit to the Attorney General a list of the cases pending and disposed of, dividends declared, disposition of assets, and whether any officer has failed to make his report, &c. Any violation of this section to be punished by dismissal from office, and the party offending to be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction to be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding one year. The section was adopted.

Mr. THURMAN offered an amendment abolishing the office of Register in Bankruptcy, and authorizing the several District Courts to make such orders and take such steps as may be necessary to adjudicate and dispose of all suits, matters or proceedings in bankruptcy now pending before such registers; also giving District Courts power, where it may appear to be necessary and advisable, to appoint special master commissioners to perform any of the duties heretofore performed by registers, such powers to be also exercised by the Judge in Chambers. No fees or compensation shall be paid to any such commissioner, except such as shall be allowed by the Court.

Pending the discussion of the amendment the Senate went into executive session, and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE.

Private Bills.

This being private bill day, a number of private bills were reported and acted upon—one to allow the Secretary of War to change on the army register the name of Jno. R. Silpa, Captain of the Fourth Infantry, by which name he had enlisted, to John Laube De Laubsfels, his real name, was passed.

A bill to pay Joseph J. Petri, of Illinois, $50,000 in recognition of his heroic and successful efforts in rescuing from starvation and impending death a train of emigrants snowed in between the Sierra Nevada and Trinity Mountains in November and December, 1849, and in payment of his expenses and losses, gave rise to considerable discussion in Committee of the Whole, Mr. Kasson in the Chair. Finally the bill was agreed to, and the Committee rose.

A proposition to have to-morrow's session set apart for debate only, and which required unanimous consent, was objected to by Mr. Russ, and he declined to withdraw the objection, declaring that he was in favor of economy, and wanted to stop the printing of speeches in the Congressional Record.

After the passage of a number of private bills, the proposition for a session for debate to-morrow was renewed, when Mr. RUSS withdrew his objection, and no other objection was made.

The House then adjourned.

The Titusville Oil Market.

Friday's Titusville *Courier* says the market for oil on Thursday "started with a strong feeling, which rose during the day to intense excitement. Prices on the Upper Creek opened at $2.10 and advanced until it reached $2.40. At Parkers the advance was much greater, there being sales there of Union Pipe oil as high as $2.50. At about the middle of the afternoon, however, the market was checked and fell back, closing at about $2.20@2.25 in Titusville, and $2.30 at Parkers. The advance was unnatural-ly rapid, and its check was what might have been expected. No sooner were easier symptoms exhibited, than the short interest attacked the market vigorously, evidently intending to break the market, if it could be done. But, although, buyers were a little inclined to operate, sellers were still very cautious in their offers. The transactions yesterday were very heavy."

Marine News.

NEW YORK, February 6.—The steamer Goethe, from Bremen, has arrived.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

THE CAPITAL.

Report on the Condition of the Pittsburgh National Banks.

Reducing the Force in the Government Departments.

Hungry Mail Contractors Swarming About the Capital.

Fayette County (Pa.) Republicans Opposed to Searight's Confirmation as Surveyor General of Colorado.

WASHINGTON, February 6, 1874.

Fayette County (Pa.) Republicans Opposed to Searight's Confirmation.

A delegation of Republicans from Fayette county, Pa., appeared before the Senate Committee on Public Lands, and entered a strong protest against the confirmation of Thomas B. Searight, of that county, as Surveyor General of Colorado. They allege that he is not and never has been a Republican. On the other hand, Searight's friends claim that though he is professedly a Democrat, he has in many ways aided the Republican party.

Condition of the Pittsburgh National Banks.

The following is an abstract of reports made to the Comptroller of the Currency under the last call showing the condition of the Pittsburgh National Banks, at the close of business on Friday, the 26th day of December, 1873:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$14,782,756 98
Overdrafts	70,741 94
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation	7,568,500 00
U. S. Bonds to secure Deposits	50,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand	153,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	33,545 60
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents	1,433,376 10
Due from other National Banks	493,843 64
Due from State Banks and Bankers	275,753 61
Real Estate, Furniture, and Fixtures	824,682 21
Current Expenses	104,241 54
Premiums paid	25,151 89
Clerks and other Cash Items	203,351 20
Exchanges for Clearing House	524,802 05
Bills of other National Banks	457,181 00
Bills of State Banks	9 00
Fractional Currency	26,225 98
Specie	38,422 63
Legal Tender Notes	2,927,779 00
U. S. Cert's of Dep. for Legal Tender Notes	100,000 00
Total	$30,093,365 39

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	9,000,000 00
Surplus Fund	3,024,522 27
Undivided Profits	595,291 37
National Bank Notes outstanding	6,574,304 00
State Bank Notes outstanding	16,930 00
Dividends unpaid	34,111 25
Individual Deposits	9,167,848 68
U. S. Deposits	45,000 00
Due to National Banks	852,445 45
Due to State Banks and Bankers	738,108 87
Bills Payable	45,000 00
Total	$30,093,365 39
Number of banks	16

Reading Railroad's Bonded Dividend.

The Reading Railroad Company are still endeavoring to evade the payment of the interest accruing on the tax assessed two years ago upon their bonded dividends. The other Pennsylvania companies paid the tax at the time under protest, thus avoiding the penalty attached to its non-payment, which is one per cent. per day during the time of its non-payment. The interest due from the Reading Company is about $10,000, and the Courts have decided against the company in its efforts to evade the tax, holding that accrued interest under the penalty is a part of the said tax. The company now, as the next step, have laid the case before the Secretary of the Treasury, who holds it under advisement.

Overlooking the Tariff Laws.

The work of overlooking the tariff laws as revised by the Congressional Committee, for suggestions that may be thought necessary, is now going on, of the tariff act, of which the internal revenue and 20 affecting the tariff, are to be consolidated into one act. This will make the law less complex than it now is, and abolish, to a great extent, the immense number of appeals to the Secretary of the Treasury, arising out of the different constructions placed upon the rates of duty, and which cannot but help arise when the laws are so multifarious and contradictory. These different acts cover a period from 1861 to 1873, showing the extent to which the laws have been tinkered in the last twelve years, and upon each occasion the different interests of the country, or at least many of them, have succeeded in getting a word affixed here and there in the 100, which changed the whole tenor and spirit of some provisions of the law, upon which the department and the business men have been constantly at war, so to speak. The consolidation above alluded to obviates this in the future to a great extent.

Court of Exchequer in New York.

The demand for the establishment in New York of a Court of Exchequer, similar to that in England for the exclusive trial of revenue suits is strongly favored at the Treasury Department. There are over a thousand revenue suits on the docket in New York, under the tariff and revenue laws. No one expects a speedy settlement of any of them, as the longer their prosecution is delayed, the more fees the attorney for the importer, manufacturer, or whoever he represents in the suits receives. The cost of the court are defrayed in most instances by the parties who have protested against the payment of the tax assessed by the collector, and have brought suit to recover a forced collection. The delay in bringing their cases to trial is equivalent to them and annoying to the Government, and a special court for the trial of these cases is deemed proper by both parties.

Monument to Unknown Dead.

No steps will be taken toward the erection of the contemplated monument over the unknown dead at the old prison pen at Salisbury, N. C., until the first of March. The Secretary of War is awaiting designs.

Alex. H. Stephens.

Alex. H Stephens, of Georgia, invades the departments, like Banquio's ghost, attending to business for his constituents.

Chippewa Indian Manufactures.

The Lake Superior Chippewa Indians are manufacturing largely birch bark boxes. At the Bayfield agency there are two thousand on hand, and continue to come in at the rate of from fifty to five hundred per day. An enterprising eastern speculator is at work endeavoring to get up a corner in bark baskets, and thinks he will be able to control the markets of Cleveland, Toledo and Chicago with this article. He advises the Government to give the Indian manufacturers "food and clothing for the present," and their industry in this respect, until be com perfect his arrangements.

Laws of the United States—Omissions.

Notwithstanding the careful scrutiny of a commission to codify the laws of the United States, who were at it several years, and the general revision which their work has been given by the Committee on the Revision of Laws in Congress, which committee were composed of the ablest lawyers, omissions which are very important in their character have been discovered by the departments to whom was referred such portions of the revised statutes to which they respectively applied.

The Money Order System.

The money order system is the great feature of the postoffice service. Last year it issued $60,000,000 worth of orders. During the panic it made itself more popular than ever by its ability to transfer money, and during the hard times in the interior of the country availed itself of its benefits, by transmitting in the aggregate a very large sum of money as presents to friends in the old world. Disbursing officers of the Government departments in paying bounties, pensions, &c., to the colored races have experienced difficulty in getting money to those who reside in out of the way localities, and on this account they have adopted the money order system as a medium of transmitting the money, the postmaster selling as payments of bills only the necessary circulars sent him to which he receives the signatures of the party to whom the money is paid, and this renders his identity certain.

Reducing the Force in the Departments.

In view of the fact that a reduction of the force of the departments will certainly be made and is required, and other expenditures of the Government are, to be cut down, this question is being agitated: How shall the work of the respective departments continue, so that it may be accomplished more than it now does? Some are in favor of increasing the hours of duty; others believe that six hours as at present should be compulsory, and each additional hour the clerk is employed, compensate him a reasonable allowance.

In 1836, the Government Department tried the system in vogue all over the country of taking recess at noon for dinner. There are gentlemen now living who were employed in the department at that time, and who affirm the trial proved everything but a success. I was found that the employes were in not so good condition for work after dinner as if they had been employed consecutively. The convivinality of Washington society in those times partially accounted for this, and a general feeling of security in position, through good influence, did not inspire those employed to properly regard their position. Clerks then were high-toned gentlemen in every sense of the word. There were but few of them, and all received high salaries for those times, payable in gold, and a clerkship was considered a great honor. But should such a system be again inaugurated, at the present time it would prove beneficial, as men are supposed to hold their offices under the Civil Service rules, and not through political preferment, so that every clerk now has an object in paying strict attention to duty. An hour for dinner would enable them to secure some relaxation from their desks, and ten hours labor could be performed by each one where six hours is only now required.

Probable Changes in the Land Laws.

The changes in the land laws as recommended by the Commissioner of the General Land Office bid fair to be brought about. The next important one is the abolition of the pre-emption law, and the inclusion of its best provisions in the homestead law. There is no want of unity on this point between the Commissioner and the House Committee on Public Lands. In reference to modifying the homestead law, the Committee favored a provision allowing the Land Register to leave his office to take proof, but to this the Commissioner objects, upon the ground that the establishment of such a rule would be an opening wedge calculated to lead to fraudulent practices. The transaction of all business at the Register's office is deemed to be the proper course in justice to the settlers.

Hungry Mail Contractors.

The Postoffice Department has been besieged for several days past with hungry mail contractors. Several hundred now in the city, and as many thousand elsewhere, will be disappointed.

DIAMOND.

WASHINGTON, February 6, 1874.

Studying Economy.

The Committee on Appropiations is still looking in every direction with a view to economize. To-day all the Auditors of the Treasury Department and the Commissioner of Customs were heard with reference to the present condition of the work in their respective bureaus, the clerical force employed, and how it compares with the numbers employed prior to the war. Most of these officials took the ground that to reduce the clerical force of their offices would tend to destroy the efficiency of the public service.

Judge Martin, Sixth Auditor of the Treasury, indicated that in view of the increase of business pertaining to his bureau, he would be constrained, at an early day, to recommend and increase of at least twenty additional clerks.

Mr. Ela, Fifth Auditor, on being interrogated, said the Committee could reduce his force to the extent of one female copying clerk, and no more, without crippling the public service.

Improving our Indian Policy.

The House Committee on Indian Affairs today agreed to report a bill, the main features of which make it a penal offence to cheat or defraud an Indian, or to fraudulently obtain his signature or mark to receipts for money which has not been fully explained to him. The bill generally has the effect of protecting the Indians from swindling agents, contractors, etc., who have heretofore grown rich at their expense.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Elections.

LONDON, February 6.—In the Parliamentary elections held yesterday, the Conservatives gained one seat in Belfast, Dover and Gravesend and Northampton. The Liberals gained a seat in Dumfriesshire and one in Coventry. Drogheda and Waxford, in the last Parliament, were represented by Liberals. The Marquis of Lorne was returned from Argyleshire. So far four hundred and twenty members of the new Parliament have been elected. Of this number two hundred and twenty seven are Conservatives, and one hundred and ninety three Liberals and Home Rulers. The Conservatives have been chosen for sixty-one seats occupied by Liberals in the last Parliament, and the Liberals have ousted twenty four Conservatives.

LONDON, February 5.—The city of London returns Messrs. Cotton, Hubbard and Twells, Conservatives, and Gaschen, Liberal. In the last Parliament the four members for the city were Liberals.

LIVERPOOL, February 6.—Lawbeth, Southwark, Finsbury and Wolverhampton have returned their former members. As far as heard from, Ireland will be represented by Liberal members, of whom twenty-six are Home Rulers, seventeen Conservatives and eight Liberals.

LONDON, February 6.—In the elections held to-day, twenty-one Conservatives, eighteen Liberals and three Home Rulers were returned from the twenty-two constituencies heard from. The Conservatives have gained one seat each in Ayreshire, Sterlingshire, Leeds, Chelsea, Oldham and the Tower hamlets. The Home Rulers have gained seats in Clonmel and Mayo county, and two in Waterford city. Sir Charles Dilke was re-elected in Chelsea, standing at the head of the poll, but his Liberal colleague in the last Parliament is replaced by a Conservative. Mr. Burt, the workman candidate, was elected in Morpeth by a 1,750 majority. Ritchie, Conservative, and Samuda, Liberal, were returned from the Tower hamlets. Mr. Ayrton was defeated, his vote falling 3,000 short of Ritchie's. Baron Lionel De Rothschild is defeated in the city, standing at the bottom of the poll.

LONDON, February 7—5:30 A. M.—According to the latest dispatches, 484 members of Parliament have been returned, of whom 255 are Conservatives and 229 Liberals. The Conservatives replace 71 Liberals, and the latter have ousted 27 Conservatives.

Reported Resignation of Gladstone.

LONDON, February 7.—It is reported that Gladstone has sent his resignation to the Queen.

The Press on the Elections.

LONDON, February 6.—The *Times* this morning says: "It is now evident that the country has returned an adverse answer to Gladstone's appeal. The elections in Ireland may show which changed the whole tenor and spirit of some provisions of the law, upon which the department and the business men have been constantly at war, so to speak. The consolidation above alluded to obviates this in the future to a great extent.

The *Post* in an editorial similar in strain, says: "The blunders of the Government are far more than the average. Its exercise of power has been as absolute as it has been indolent. It is immaterial whether the adverse results of the elections are due to the dissatisfaction of the country in the past or uncertainty regarding the policy of the Government in the future."

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 1 A. M., Feb. 7, 1874.

Probabilities for To-day.

On Saturday the areas of low barometer move respectively northeastward over the lower lakes and off the middle Atlantic coast.

For New England, northeasterly winds, cloud and snow.

For the Middle Atlantic States, westerly winds and cloudy weather, possibly with light local snow or rain.

For the lower lake region, variable winds, mostly from the northeast and northwest, with cloud and snow.

For the upper lakes, northerly winds, and cloudy, followed by clearing, weather.

For the Southern States, northwest winds, cloudy weather and falling temperature.

THE GALLOWS.

Two Murderers Hanged.

WESTMINSTER, MD., February 6.—Joseph W. Davis was executed to-day for the murder of Abraham Lynn, in April, 1872. He confessed to committing the crime.

CAMBRIDGE MD., February 6.—Wm. H. McCotter was hanged here to-day for the murder of Robt. Insley, his father in law. Just before the drop fell McCotter cried out: "I killed Bob Insley. I forgive everybody."

STEUBENVILLE.

The Session of the Steubenville District Conference of the M. E. Church—Second Day.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

STEUBENVILLE, February 5, 1874.

After the selection of Richmond as the place of meeting of the fifth session of the Conference. The report of the District Stewards was called for. Quite a number were present, and from their reports from the different charges, it appears that the affairs of the District are in good shape, both financially and temporal.

The Committee on Sunday Schools made their report, after which some amendments were adopted. The committee on the best means of promoting the temporal interests of the District presented their report, in it they urge the ministers and members to greater zeal in the cause of the Divine Master.

The character of W. S. L. Buchanan, a local deacon, was examined and passed. A vote of thanks was tendered the people of Steubenville for the hospitable manner in which they had entertained the members of the Conference. The next session will be held in Bellaire, Ohio, commencing on the first Wednesday of February, 1875.

The Conference then adjourned to meet at the call of the Presiding Elder, Rev. J. H. White.

There was to have been a session to-day, but the fact that a great number of the ministers had left their charges with revival meetings in progress it was thought advisable that the session should terminate as soon as possible, and consequently the business was pushed through.

KRAMER.

Central Tea House—Cash a Specialty.

Mr. Henry Jones, proprietor of the above well known house, has just arrived home from the East with a selection of fancy goods rarely equalled in the grocery line, consisting in part Lobsters in sauce, pickled and spiced; Sardines, whole boxes and French boneless; Holland Herring, Russian Sardines, Imported Mixed Mustard, Imported German Krout and Anker Beans, Irish Oat Meal, Gran

DAILY GAZETTE.

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OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

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SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1874.

BONDS at Frankfort 98¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 38f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 111¾.

A BILL has been introduced in the Legislature to establish a penalty for issuing free passes on railroads. It has been referred.

THE Prison Reform Association held a meeting at Harrisburg recently, at which Superintendent Cordier mentioned that Allegheny Work House had cleared $15,000 over expenses, by properly treating and working its prisoners. This is a model institution of its kind.

THE various National banks of this city, sixteen in number, by their showing to the Comptroller of the Currency, on Friday, 26th of December, had $30,093,365.89 of assets,—nearly an average of $2,000,000 to each bank. The surplus fund reported was $3,924,326.27, equivalent to about thirty-four per cent. added to their capital stock. A good showing.

SPECIFIC measures, of various kinds, having reference, more or less direct to the question of finances, are being brought to the attention of Congress, from time to time. Many of these are so obviously absurd, that they do not necessitate discussion. In this list we classify the proposed reduction of the army. There are not enough troops to effectually protect our frontiers. Certainly it is not good economy to encourage Indian raids.

BARON MEYER ROTHSCHILD, whose illness was mentioned a few days since, died yesterday. He belonged to the great Rothschild family, which, having struggled into prominence as financiers, about a century since, have continued to dominate the finances of Europe from that time till this. The English branch of the house, of which Baron Meyer was the head, has not been regarded as progressive and vigorous, like some of the Continental branches, but prudence and care has been its distinguishing feature. At one time the English branch was the most vigorous of all. The habit of the family has been to keep its financial affairs a secret as against the world at large. There is a rule, handed down from the founder of the house, governing in this particular, the object being to keep the wealth of the family united. The rule will doubtless apply in the present instance.

WE have expressed ourselves quite fully relative to Louisiana affairs, but the election law, offered by Senator Carpenter, makes it proper that we should add that we regard it as a violent subversion of the State Government in Louisiana, and a dangerous precedent. We hope it will be promptly voted down. We have but little better opinion of the Kellogg Government than has Senator Carpenter, but his method of reform is revolutionary. We approve a paragraph in the New York *Times*: "The present Louisiana question has nothing to do with the Reconstruction laws. It does not grow out of them. It does not present an occasion for the exercise of any such powers as were used in passing them. It is not a case of destroyed Government which must be replaced. It is not a case of the suffrage in the hands of a part of the people which cannot work with the Union. It is a case that might arise in New York, which very nearly arose in Indiana a few years since, and which is made possible by the complex nature of our political tenure. The troubles of Louisiana are not without their value. If they compel the people of the State to try and secure good government, and do not become so great as to make all effort fruitless, they will yet serve a good purpose. Of one thing we may be sure—the intervention of the National Government can only be justified under circumstances of extreme emergency, such as do not at present exist."

THE IRON ASSOCIATION.

We are gratified to notice the interest of the press of the country in the meetings of the Iron and Steel Association—an organization that embraces the iron interest of the country, but which is specially strong in this State. There is no single interest in the country which exerts so powerful an influence upon the question of national prosperity. About one-third the cost of railroads is in the iron used,—and the multiplied directions in which it is employed cause it to be one of the important interests of the country. Naturally this is the object of the assaults of the English capitalists and iron-masters, and it is their most earnest hope that the tariff on iron may be greatly reduced, or entirely taken off. Thus far Congress has refused to heed the clamor of the free traders, and we trust, will continue to do so.

One of the remarkable developments at the Association was that of steel making from iron ore,—the samples exhibited being from a Pittsburgh establishment. We do not yet know of the value of this, but the fact of this being presented as an accomplished fact, shows that progress is being made in steel manufacture in this country. The resolutions adopted were wise and timely, and the meeting of the Association may be regarded as influential for good.

THE PRIMARIES TO-DAY.

We address a few earnest words to Republicans, urging attendance at the Primaries to-day. We hope they will be accepted, not as formal exhortation, customary on such occasions, but as advice of more than ordinary importance. It rarely happens that Primaries are invested with more influence than those to be held to-day. If the people will, they can control the character, particularly of the Mayoralty nomination, and thus place a ticket before the people sure to be elected. They can save themselves the annoyance of a complicated and heated canvass, and the possibility of undesirable officials being elected. It sometimes happens, that the failure to take precaution at the proper time serves to precipitate a condition of things in which the following is a mere choice of evils. It was somewhat so at the last Mayoralty election; it is a possibility now.

We need, and ought to have, men for the several city offices to be filled, qualified, reputable, and in every sense worthy. We do not seek to dominate the choice that any of our friends may desire to make. But we insist upon it, that the time and place for indicating such choice is at the Primaries. As a rule, it can be more effectually done there, and with less of possible injury, than anywhere else. Particularly we reprobate the idea that non-attendance at the Primaries gives a certain right to bolt afterwards. It is wrong to let the Primaries fall into the hands of evilly disposed persons. It is particularly wrong to assume that they can manage and control things. They can only do this through the absence of the better element, and thus, this absence is a practical conniving with their schemes.

It is generally believed that unless good nominations are made, a citizens' ticket will be put in the field. This will be made up of a combination of Republicans and Democrats. Thus we shall have a scrub race. All this can be avoided, if those who would, in case of disappointment, give time and means to such a movement, attend the polls to-day. We have more than once demonstrated, by figures, that there are enough of the better element in our city to dominate its politics. We believe there are enough in the Republican party of this character to control its nominations. We protest, therefore, against this class staying from the Primaries, and there fighting the nominations. Those who go to the Primaries have a right to control the candidates. It will be much to expect those who go will not vote according to preference. They will. Therefore let all who feel that they have a preference go and record their votes for delegates.

These remarks will apply as well to the Republicans of Allegheny as those of Pittsburgh, both cities holding their Primaries to-day.

PERSONAL.

BARON MEYER DE ROTHSCHILD died in London yesterday.

ALL the brothers and sisters of Chang and Eng were twins.

SENATOR JONES is a Welshman by birth, and as he is worth $7,000,000, he very appropriately hails from Gold Hill, Nev.

CONKLING is considered the handsomest man in the Senate. He is a blonde, with a pretty little curl on top of his head, and a curly beard.

DR. HELEN W. WEBSTER has decided to accept a professorship in Vassar College. She will assume the duties of the position in a few weeks.

SENATOR SARGENT, of California, is one of the rising men. His wife is a strong suffragist, and his daughter as pretty as her mother is intelligent.

MISS BOUTWELL is almost as much of a politician as her father, being perfectly conversant with every detail of his business, and a strong woman's rights young lady.

IF the testimony of Generals Lee, Longstreet, and other Confederate officers, be admitted, it is claimed that General Fitz John Porter will be proven to have been the ablest strategist in the war of the rebellion.

TIPTON speaks in a little squeaking voice, and looks exactly as Nast sketched him two years ago. So does Fenton. Indeed, Nast's pets in the Senate (all who remain) can readily be picked out by strangers through the general truthfulness of Nast's exaggerations.

"SQUIRE THOMPSON, of Cedar Rapids, being a man of nice sentiments, invited a large number of his friends to celebrate his iron wedding. When the guests departed the 'Squire and his wife found themselves richer by one cow bell and six dozen flat irons. The 'Squire regards the whole affair as a piece of flat irony.

IT seems that Abby Smith, the cowwoman of Glastonbury, has an inherited right to attract popular attention. Her father was a minister, then a dairyman, and, final'y, a mild sort of heathen. Her mother was romantic and nervous—so nervous that she had a glass cage made in which she might read novels without being disturbed by the undulation of the air.

SIR RICHARD WALLACE has endowed Paris with drinking fountains. All Parisians are not grateful to him, however. A gentleman of an enterprising character went to him and asked for a loan of 60,000f. for no particular cause. Sir Richard laughingly said, "No, thank you," upon which the injured individual rose, took up his chapeau, and revenged himself with the remark, "After all, your fountains are very poor affairs."

QUEER names of all kinds occur on the Congressional rolls. "Ebenezer McJunkin," for instance, and "Hezekiah Bundy." The Old Testament is represented by Abraham and Isaac, Reuben, Lot, Zachariah, Timothy, Moses and Aaron, Eli, Josias, Hosea, Elijah, Abijah, Ephraim, Nathan and Jeremiah. The four evangelists appear, and Lazarus. Two gentlemen, "Chester Darrell" and "Lionel Sheldon" should be put into a novel immediately, while two Alonzos, Lorenzo, a Fernando, and Jason refresh the memories of the dime blood and thunder series, libretti, and the Golden Fleece. There is the good old Puritan name of "Godlove," borne by a very jolly, unpuritan, Teutonic looking gentleman, Mr. Orth, of Indiana. And then follow Roscoe, Philetus, Roderick, Random, Eppa, Glenni and Lobelski.—*N. Y. Times.*

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

SOME Americans in Paris gave a supper to a number of little French chimney sweeps on Christmas.

OUT of 8,000,000 eggs a codfish has been known to spawn in one year, less than a hundred survives. This must be discouraging to the codfish.

THE hat and cap workers of New York still continue on a strike, and only a few of the smaller manufacturers manifest a willingness to pay the increased rates.

THE widow of Jabez Hubbard, of Middleton, Mass., died recently, and during the inventory of her effects there were discovered in a large chest fifty pairs of unused linen sheets, and besides, over $30,000 in gold and silver coin.

REAL sheep are introduced in the pantomime of "Little Red Riding Hood," at Covent Garden Theater. On the occasion of the recent visit there of the Prince and Princess of Wales the sheep were also introduced into the royal box for the delectation of the royal children.

TWO CARS of the night express train from Washington to New York became detached near New Brunswick yesterday morning. The engineer slowed up and the detached cars crashed into the train, smashing two of the platforms and slightly bruising some passengers, among whom was Senator Conkling.

THE following is a copy of a petition now being circulated in Massachusetts for signature: "We the undersigned, citizens of Massachusetts, and consumers of tobacco, protest against any advance in the rate of tax on what we consider one of the necessaries of life and a great help in the temperance reform now going on in this State.

IN the United States District Court in Baltimore, yesterday, James E. Mason, indicted for striking Sammis, near Middleville, Long Island. It is to be used for Mr. Cheesebrough's new yacht. This tree is supposed to be 199 years old, from the circles through it. Mr. Sammis' father was offered $100 for it years ago, but refused to have it cut.

THE testimony taken before the Legislative Committee in the investigation made into the charges made against Compton in the late California Senatorial election, tend strongly to support the assertion that no money or promises of reward were given by Booth or his friends to secure or influence his election. The investigation is very searching and covers a wide range, and thus far Borock, who is the complainant, has failed to establish the charges made.

A FOUR YEAR-OLD lad in Boston is of an inquiring turn of mind. A few days since he was possessed by a desire to know whether his younger sister's head would go into the family bean pot. It did go in beautifully, but it would not come out again, and a surgical operation was performed upon the pot, from which it never recovered, the instrument used being a hammer. The marvelous infant now wishes to try another experiment with a large bean-pot, but a strict guard is kept over that utensil.

A CONNECTICUT inventor has recently perfected an apparatus for recording, by means of electricity, the music played upon an organ or piano, so that brilliant improvisations may be accurately copied and afterwards played again from the notes. The apparatus was recently attached to the organ in the hall in New Haven, and was successfully used. The mechanical means by which the end desired is secured are ingenious, but the principle upon which the record of notes is made is extremely simple. The occasional breaking and connecting of the electrical current consequent upon the touching of the several keys is sufficient, however rapidly the changes may be, to record the striking of each key or combination, and, through an arrangement like that of the ribbon telegraph apparatus, to give the time with exactness.

THE National Association for the Promotion of the Interests of the American Trotting Turf, in session in New York, has resolved that a fine of one hundred dollars be imposed for changing the name of a horse, together with suspension or expulsion; also, that the full name and postoffice address of the owner be entered. Rule 28 was amended to fix the drivers' fee at $50, maximum, in case of his hiring a substitute, and to prevent his being punished in case of his refusing to act as a substitute, except by the Judges, who may expel him, subject to the decision of a Court of Appeals. Rule 30 now stands as follows: Whenever a horse shall have distanced all competitors in one heat, the race is concluded, and the winner shall receive the entire purse and stakes. If there are four horses entered, and only two start, the third and fourth money reverts to the Association.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Abstract of Properties to be Sold by John H. Hare, Esq., Sheriff, on Monday, March 2d, 1874, at 10 O'clock, A. M., at the Court House, City of Pittsburgh.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Five hundred dollars of the price or sum at which the property shall be struck off shall be paid to the Sheriff at the time of sale, or by Friday, March 6th, 1874, at ten o'clock, A. M., unless the purchase money shall be less than that sum, in which case only the purchase money shall be paid; otherwise the property will again, on Friday, March 6th, 1874, at ten o'clock, A. M., at the same place, be put up and sold at the expense and risk of the person to whom it was struck off, who, in the case of any deficiency in such re-sale, shall make good the same. In case of the sale being for a very large amount, will demand that ten per cent. for the purchase money be paid in addition to the five hundred dollars.

N. B.—For the benefit of our unprofessional readers who do not understand the meaning of the letters and figures following the defendant's name, we make the following

EXPLANATION.

C. P., Court of Common Pleas, indicates the Court of which the writ of execution issues under which the sale is made; V. E., or Vend. Ex., Venditioni Exponas; Lev. Fa., or L. F., Levari Facias, Fi. Fa., or F. F., Fieri Facias, show the kind of writs; a Livari Facias is the writ or sale upon a mortgage, mechanics lien, or a municipal lien; Venditioni or Fieri Facias, upon an ordinary debt, or for ground rent; 33 M. '74, means No. 33 of March term 1874, the number and term of the docket entry; the following figures show the amount of the debt, and the name following is the name of the attorney issuing the writ:

DANIEL N. KELLY.

C. P., B. E., 33, M. '74. $95 53.

EMERY.

A two-story frame house and lot, No. 40, in D. S. Williams' plan (Plan book vol. 4, p 13) fronting 20 feet on S. E. side of Quarry street, Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 137 feet to an alley.

J. H. NEIHAUS.

C. P., L. F., 39, M. '74. $615 65. SIPE.

Lot of ground fronting 20 feet on north side of Adams street, 20 feet west of Western avenue, Sixth ward, Allegheny city, and running back 100 feet to a 20 feet alley.

MARGARET BARNETT.

C. P., L. F., 42 M. '74. $50 82.

CARNAHAN & MILLER

A two story frame dwelling house, four rooms, with hall and porch, and lots 17 and 18 in the plan of Geo. K. Flower, situate in Twenty third ward, Pittsburgh. Plan Book, Vol. 3, p. 300.

C. J. BALDWIN.

C. P., L. F., 43, M. '74. $107.00. GILL & HAY.

Lot No. 3, in A. Laggate's plan, fronting fifty feet on Pennsylvania avenue, in Kilbuck township, and running back along Virginia street 138 feet 9 inches, to Middle alley.

ELIZABETH HATCH AND D. F. HATCH, OWNERS OR REPUTED OWNERS, &C.

C. P., L. F., 63 M. '74. $210.65.

MILLER & McBRIDE.

Two story brick dwelling house with stone basement 45¾ feet by 41 feet, and stone vault 42¾ by 14¾ feet, and lot of ground situate in Twenty-second ward, Pittsburgh, containing 34 acres, and bounded by lands of W. H. Stewart, John McLaughlin, Harrison Craig, Edward Taylor, —— Hays and Robert Phillips.

JAMES KING AND JOHN KING, PARTNERS AS JAMES KING & BRO.

C. P., V. E., 80 M., '74. $254.59. MUELLER

Lot No. 308 in plan of subdivision of Sample Farm, fronting 24 feet on Mary street, Shaler township, and running back 136 25-100 feet to Spence alley. See Deed Book, vol. 280, p. 646.

WM. WRIGHT, OWNER OR REPUTED OWNER, AND CRESS & HARKINS, CONTRACTORS.

C. P., L. F. 84, M. '74. $78.69. McINTOSH

A one-story frame dwelling house, with porch and finished attic, and lot or curtilage appurtenant thereon, situate in Kilbuck township, Allegheny county, Pa.

JOHN H. FAGE, JR., WITH NOTICE TO J. D. DAVIS, TERRE TENANT.

C. P., Al. L. F. 85., M. '74. $1,039.50.

GEYER.

Lot No. 3 in A. R. Sloan's plan of subdivision of lots Nos. 2 and 3 in Harry Wood's Farm, fronting 148 50-100 feet on Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad, in Twenty third ward, Pittsburgh, containing 1 acres and 107 39-100 perches.

DANIEL SWANEY.

C. P. Al. F. F. 87, M. '74. $285.55.

S. C. SCHOTER.

Lot of ground fronting 32 feet on the Main street in the village of Glinton, and running back 121¾ feet to lands of Morgan's heirs.

JAMES MORROW.

C. P., F. F. 119, M. '74. $267.25.

KIRKER.

A one-story frame dwelling house of 2 rooms, and lot No. 29, in Kopfer, Schmidt, et. al's, plan of Sample Farm, fronting 24 feet on west side of Charles street, in Shaler township, and running back to Brown alley. See Plan Book, vol. 4, p. 96 and 97.

FRANK W. HOFFMAN AND LINA HOFFMAN.

C. P., F. F., 135. M. '74. $55.60.

McINTOSH.

A two story frame house and lot of ground fronting 16 feet, 8 inches on Edwards alley at southwest corner of Eighteenth street, Twenty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along Eighteenth street 60 feet. See Deed Book, vol. 221, page 176.

JAMES F. HARRIS.

C. P., L. F., 139. M. '74. $1,045 45.

FULTON.

Lot No. 143 in Thos. M. Howe's plan fronting 21 feet on Wylie street extension, Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 160 feet. See Deed Book, vol. 246, page 567.

ELLEN CARROLL.

C. P., V. E. 153, M. '74. $89.66. McCOMBS

Lot No. 71 in Jno. Brown's plan, fronting 20 feet on east side of Barry street, borough of Lower St. Clair and running back 80 feet.

DAVID CRAWFORD, DEC'D IN THE HANDS OF JOS. H. IRWIN, MARTHA F. CRAWFORD AND ALBERT CRAWFORD, EX'S.

C. P., AL. L. F., 158. M. '74, $5,444.44.

BARTON.

A two story brick dwelling house and lot No. 196 in plan laid out by executors of Jas. O'Hara, dec'd, fronting 24 feet on Penn street, Ninth (now Twelfth) ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to Long alley. See deed book vol. 166, p. 338, and vol. 167, p. 199.

DAVID OWENS.

C. P., V. E., 179, and F. F. 322, M. '74. $332 28 $3,456 85.

BROWN & LAMBIE, HINEMAN.

A small double three story brick dwelling house and lot No. 59 7 in E. P. Jones' plan, fronting 131 59 100 feet on Arch street at its intersection with Jones' avenue, 12th ward, Pittsburgh. See Plan Book, vol. 4, p. 152, and Deed Book, vol. 307, p. 77.

LUKE HUTCHINSON.

C. P., L. F., 196, M. '74. $2,622 30.

MUEHLER.

Lot of ground fronting 100 feet on Maria avenue, Lower St. Clair Township, and running back eastwardly along Ebby alley, 230 feet, more or less.

ANDREW TAGGART AND MARY W. TAGGART, HIS WIFE.

C. P., L. F., 202, M. '74. $2,656.50.

BAINE & MAGEE.

Lot of ground fronting 7 feet on west side of Middle alley, 98 feet south of McKain's alley, Second ward, Allegheny City, and running back 55 feet.

21.

Lot of ground fronting 22 feet on west side of Middle alley, 105 feet south of McKain's alley, Second ward, Allegheny City, and running back 65 feet more or less.

HENRY HILL.

C. P., Al. F. F., 209, M. '74. $12,756.00.

JENNINGS.

A brick dwelling house, stable and carriage house and lot of ground, fronting 83 feet on Rural avenue, Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along Euclid street to Wm. L. Dennison's property. See Deed Book, vol. 285, p. 553.

21.

Lot known as the "Orchard Lot," fronting 136 6 10 feet on Rural avenue, ward and city aforesaid, and running back 218 8 10 feet, more or less, to line of lot now or late of Wm. L. Dennison. See Deed Book, vol. 291, p. 147.

M. O'HARA AND MRS. FRANCES O'HARA, OWNERS OR REPUTED OWNERS, AND M. O'HARA, CONTRACTOR.

C. P., L. F., 210, M. '74. $965.61. D. REED.

Two two-story brick dwelling houses with Mansard roof, each house containing ten rooms and bath room, and having a front of 27¼ feet on Roup street, by a depth of 60 feet, and lots Nos. 220, 221 and 222, in plan laid out by W. H. Eleburn, situate in Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh.

SAMUEL GILLELAND.

C. P., L. F., 226. M. '74. $2 970.18. JENNINGS.

Piece of land situate in North Fayette township, bounded by lands of John P. Ewing, A. A. Miller and heirs of Robert Galbreth, containing 14 acres and 42 perches, strict measure. See Deed Book, Vol. 234, page 570.

MICHAEL RATTIGAN.

C. P., L. F., 276, M. '74. $4 927.38.

HAMPTON DALZELL.

Lot No. 183 in plan of McKeesport, fronting 60 feet on Second street, and running back along Walnut street to an alley. See Plan Book, vol. 1, page (part 2) 318.

ADAM NAUMAN.

C. P., V. E., 277, M. '74. $65.37. MITCHELL.

One and one half storied frame dwelling house and lot No. 23, in Klopfer, Schmidt et al.'s plan, fronting 28 feet on Charles street, Shaler township, and running back 95 39 100 feet to an alley. See Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 96 and 97.

THE METHODIST EXTENSION AID ASSOCIATION OF PITTSBURGH, PA., IN THE HANDS OF T. H. CALHOUER AND JOHN CROFT, TRUSTEES.

C. P., L. F., 280, M. '74, $406.97

MUNRO.

Lots Nos. 24, 25 and 26, in Ammon's et al. plan, fronting together 62 46-100 feet on Barkhamer street, Lower St. Clair Township, and running back to Charles street.

2.

Lots Nos. 22 and 23 in Ammon's et al. plan, fronting together 41 64-100 on Barkhamer street, Lower St. Clair Township, and running back along Eleanor street to Charles street

F. L. BIDWELL.

C. P., F. F., 306, M. '74. $100.00 BARTON.

Lots Nos. 804 and 805, in C. H. Lowe's plan of "Arlington," fronting together 100 feet on Lincoln avenue, South Fayette Township, and running back along Station street 100 feet to Hazel alley.

EVAN EVANS.

C. P., L. F., 289, M. '74. $2,619.20.

FLOYD.

Three two story brick houses, with basement and lot, No. 26 in Jno. C. Shafer's plan, fronting 31 ft. 8½ in. on North side of Reed street, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along West side of an alley to Justice street. See Plan Book, vol. 2, part 1, p. 55, and Deed Book, vol. 331, p. 336. Excepting and reserving thereout lot of ground fronting 16 ft. 9½ in. on said alley and running back to Caldwell's line, and also lot fronting 13¾ feet on South side of Justice street and running south between Caldwell's line and a 3 ft. alley, about 26 feet.

HUGH ATKINSON.

C. P., V. E., 314. M. '74. $40.80.

EMERY.

An unfinished two story brick dwelling house, a one story frame building with back buildings, sheds, &c., and lots Nos. 131 and 132 in Hon. Wm. Porter's plan, fronting together 40 feet 8 4-5 inches on north side of Webster avenue, Pittsburgh, and running back along Kirkpatrick street 100 feet to an alley. Plan Book, vol. 2, page 40.

JOHN H. PIERCY.

C. P., F. F., 324 M., '74. $1,157 91.

HINDMAN.

Small frame dwelling house and other improvements, and lot of ground fronting 55 46 100 feet on Eighteenth avenue, Mifflin township, and running back along line of the "City Poor Farm" to Walnut alley. See Deed Book, vol. 286, p. 340, and Plan Book, vol. 4, pp. 128 and 129.

JOHN S. TRAVELLI, DEC'D, IN THE HANDS OF JOHN PORTERFIELD AND GEORGE STEVENSON, EX'RS.

C. P., L. F., 331 M., '74. $7,089 60.

SHIRAS.

Piece of land situate in Twenty-first Ward, city of Pittsburgh, bounded by lands of George Herzel, George McCombs, Samuel Chadwick, George Fife and James Kelley, containing 5 acres and 64 perches.

21.

Piece of land situate in Twenty-first Ward, Pittsburgh, bounded by lands of George McComb, John Wilson, Samuel Chadwick and Peter Sprague, containing 4 acres and 16 perches more or less. See Deed Book, vol. 245, p. 298.

THE FIRST PRESBETERIAN CHURCH OF McKEESPORT, OWNER OR REPUTED OWNER, AND S. H. STEWART, CONTRACTOR.

C. P., L. F., 332. M. '74. $1,224.17.

BARTON.

Two story brick parsonage of 11 rooms and finished attic and lot No. 155 in original plan of McKeesport, fronting 60 feet on Market street, and running back 140 feet to Blackberry alley.

J. A. WILLIS.

C. P., Al. F. F., 338 M., '74. $295 25.

MELLON.

A two story brick dwelling house and lot No. 83 in D. Greer's plan, fronting 20 feet on South side of Locust street, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 61½ feet. See Plan Book, vol. 1, p. 173.

JOHN DICKSON AND EDWARD COWLING, OWNERS OR REPUTED OWNERS, &C.

C. P., L. F., 340. M. '74. $1 086 30. McKENNA.

Two story brick dwelling 20 by 48 feet, and lot fronting 20 feet on Palo Alto street, Second ward, Allegheny city, and running back along Graham alley 80 feet.

ALEXANDER LANE AND MARY LANE HIS WIFE, WITH NOTICE TO TERRE TENANTS.

C. P., L. F., 342 and 343. M., '74. $105. $105. McCORMICK, ROBB & SNIVELY.

Lot of ground fronting 49 feet on Josephine street, —— ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 85 feet more or less to the Brownsville Plank Road, on which are erected two two-story frame houses, Nos. 1916 and 1918, fronting on Josephine street, and a double frame one and a half story house fronting on Plank Road. See Deed Book, vol. 208, page 508.

CHRISTIAN MEYER WITH NOTICE TO VERENA MEYER.

C. P., F. F., 347. M., '74. $538.42.

MILLER & McBRIDE.

Two story frame building, with kitchen and dancing hall and a frame brewery and lot of ground, situate in Indiana township, and containing one acre.

24.

A frame stable, ice house and two sheds and lot of ground, situate in Indiana township, containing about one-half an acre, more or less, subject to right of way through said described premises.

FRED ANSCHUTZ.

C. P. Al. F. F., 323, M. '74. $178.68.

COHEN.

A two story brick building and out house, and lot of ground fronting 16 24-100 feet on Pine street, Allegheny City, and running back 50 feet to land of Carmelian Roderick.

M. O'HARA AND MRS. FRANCIS O'HARA, HIS WIFE, OWNERS OR REPUTED OWNERS, &C.

C. P., L. F., 356, M. '74. $965.60.

D. REED.

Two two-story brick dwelling houses, with Mansard roof, containing each 10 rooms and bath room, and lots Nos. 215, 216 and 217, in W. A. Eleburn's plan, fronting on east side of of Roup street, between Walnut and Harrison streets, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH PHILLIPS.

C. P., Al. F. F., 367, M. '74. $1,270.00.

A two-story frame dwelling house and lot of ground fronting 50 feet on Ellsworth avenue, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 91 feet to a 10 feet alley. See Deed Book, vol. 275, p. 384.

FRANK DEVERNER AND ELLEN DEVERNER HIS WIFE.

C. P., L. F., 359, M. '74. $431 24. FRIEND.

A one-story frame dwelling house of four rooms, and lot No. 13 in plan of property of John Herron, deceased, fronting 24 feet 6½ inches on west side of Oak street, Pittsburgh, and running back to lot No. 4. See Deed Book, vol. 282, p. 125.

G. W. COMMONS.

C. P. Al. F. F., 362 M., '74. $87.50. PETTY.

A two story frame dwelling house, a two story log house and frame stable, and piece of land, situate in Baldwin township, containing 24 acres 39 perches, and bounded by lands of James Gordon, —— Smith and James Carothers. See Deed Book, vol. 143, page 340. Excepting and reserving therefrom 12 acres which were conveyed to Reuben and Elizabeth Drake.

CLEMENS KUPPERT.

C. P., F. F., 269 M., '74. $1,800. McQUAIDE.

Lot of ground fronting 20 feet on Main street, Allegheny City, and running back along Union street to Carpenter's alley. See Mortgage Book, vol. 158, p. 93.

THOMAS MILLS AND HANNAH MILLS.

C. P., L. F., 372. M. '74. $951.00.

J. P. RODGERS.

Lot of ground beginning on West side of Allegheny and Perrysville Plank Road at line of Mary Ann Reed's property, and running southwardly along said Plank Road 368 feet more or less; thence westwardly 131 feet more or less to Hewitt's line; thence to place of beginning.

AMOS W. EWING, DECEASED, IN THE HANDS OF MARY EWING, ADMINISTRATRIX, AND WM. A. REBURN.

C. P., L. F., 373. M., '74. $35,523.58.

STEWART.

Piece of land situate in Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh, bounded by Laurel avenue, Hayes avenue and lands of S. Dolrich and Wm. Wood, containing 8 acres and 22 60-100 perches, (see Deed Book, vol. 181, page 574, &c.) excepting and reserving thereout lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 24, 25, 60, 61, 66, 67, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 100 and 101 in Eleburn & Ewing's plan. (See Plan Book, vol. 4, page 311.)

JOHN H. HARE,
SHERIFF.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, February 6, 1874.

TO RUPTURED PEOPLE.

To the general public the subject of rupture or bonocele is a matter of very little interest. To one-sixth of the male portion of the community, however, it is a matter of grave and serious import, as that proportionate number are afflicted with that direful malady. Many of those afflicted are hardly aware of the fact that they are so; and there are others again who are apt to mistake rupture for some other disease, and again some other disease for rupture. An a displacement of the kind of which we are writing it is a serious fault to be in error. A delay of one day in procuring medical relief has often been at the expense of a life. Those who read this, will thank us for the knowledge of the fact, that there is a relief in every case, and a cure in many cases, in which a cure may be thought impossible. We invite all persons who are ruptured or who suspect themselves to be so, to call and procure the right kind of an appliance or ascertain if an appliance is necessary. Trusses at lower prices than anywhere in the city, at DR. KEYSER'S, 167 Liberty street. Office private.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH,
CHARTERED IN 1869.

ASSETS January 1, 1874, - - $778,251 66.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinney, Secretary and Treasurer;

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, R. E. Bell, Wm. R. Shinck, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Feltmeiser, Frank Rhoden, J. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

SEELEY'S HARD RUBBER TRUSSES.

Steel Spring covered with Hard Rubber—used in bathing. Light, easy, safe, neat, durable, and a perfect retainer of all reducible hernia. Seeley's Hard Rubber Truss cures rupture, retaining the most difficult cases with ease and comfort. The metal spring coated with hard rubber, enables the spring to be contoured in power, elegantly formed; being impervious to moisture, will never rust, break, timber, chafe, nor move from place; always clean and good as new. Ruptured persons having suffered from the clumsy and annoyance of iron, rusts, chafing, badly adjusted instruments, in appreciation of their benefit shall them as a comfort, blessing and relief. Sold at

JOSEPH BROWNE'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn avenue and Sixth street.

LEGAL.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
W. D. OF PENNSYLVANIA,
PITTSBURGH, Feb. 4, 1874.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 4 hday of February, A. D. 1874, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOSEPH H. DAVIS, of the borough of Sewickley, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pa., who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 98 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Pa., before Samuel Harper, Esquire, Register, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOHN HALL,
fe6:s72 U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Western District of Pennsylvania. In Bankruptcy. In the matter of ROBERT ANDREWS AND HENRY G. JONES, Bankrupts. To the Honorable District of Pennsylvania, U. S. A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by Court against the estate of ANDREWS & JONES, of the City of Allegheny and county of Pennsylvania, in said District, adjudged Bankrupts upon petition of their creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 12 Church avenue, Allegheny City, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1874, at 10 o'clock P. M., at the office of the Register in Bankruptcy, Wm. Shaffer, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said District.

JOHN HALL,
fe6:s72 U. S. Marshal for said District.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

ATTRACTIVE.

SILKS { At $1.50 a Yard. } A Splendid Bargain in BLACK SILKS.

SILKS { At $1.60 a Yard. } Cheney Bro's American BLACK SILKS.

SILKS { At $1.85 a Yard. } Cheney Bros' Colored Dress Silks, all the Latest Shades.

POPLINS { At 25 cents a Yard. } Extra Good Value in a heavy BLACK POPLIN.

ALPACAS { At 25 Cents a Yard. } Black Alpacas!!

ALPACAS { At 31, 37 1-2, 40, 50 and 62 1-2c cts. } Great bargains in Black Alpacas.

ALPACAS { At 25 Cents a Yard. } Colored Alpacas, all shades.

French Merinos,
Drap De Ete,
Drap De France,
Epinglines,
Silk Warp
Cashmeres.

REPPS, DELAINES,
Poplins, Alpacas,
DRESS GOODS,
All grades and qualities.

GOOD BARGAINS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

February 3d, 1874.

HAMBURG
EMBROIDERIES
OPENED
THIS DAY,
ANOTHER NEW LOT OF
3,000 PIECES.
New Patterns,
All Widths,
AT THE
LOW PRICES.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 and 199
PENN AVENUE.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

HENRY McCALLUM,
CARPETS.
NO. 51 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS
REDUCED!
Brussels, Very Low.
Tapestries, Very Low.
2 and 3 Plies, Very Low.
Ingrains, Very Low.
Oil Cloths, Very Low.
Window Shades Very Low.
Mattings, Very Low.

Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue

THE OPPORTUNITY
Presents itself to consumers to reap a benefit out of the ruin brought on the manufacturers by the panic in prices. All Goods at
Much Lower Prices
THAN HERETOFORE.
Bargains in
CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, &c.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

FINANCIAL.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND
And Safe Deposit Co.,
Corner 7th Avenue and Smithfield Street.
Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.

CAPITAL, - - - $250,000.

Interest Allowed on Deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily.

Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturdays from 7 to 9 P. M.

ANDREW L. McFARLANE, President.
SAM'L A. LONG, Vice President and Business Manager.

DIRECTORS.
Andrew L. McFarlane, W. B. Lupton,
A. T. Dorbrett, J. P. Smith,
Pres't Kone, Jno. W. Haney,
M. W. Sackett, Sam'l A. Long,
John H. MacConnell, Solicitor.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL. - - - $200,000.
GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRAZER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.
Cor. Wood Street and Sixth Avenue.
CAPITAL, - - - - - $250,000
SURPLUS, - - - - - 127,000

Interest allowed on time deposits.
Exchange on Germany, France, England and Switzerland at lowest rates. Collections made promptly on all parts of the United States and Canadas. Particular attention given to all business of correspondents.
DIRECTORS.—A. Groetzinger, J. F. Havekotte, W. F. Lang, J. C. Dickson, E. H. Meyers, Joseph Lang, Paul Hugus, Christ. Seibert, P. Haberman, A. GROETZINGER, President.
JOSEPH LAURANT, Cashier.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, Feb. 7, 1874.

The storm yesterday prevented any unusual operations,—the general feature of the day being that of quietness. Deposits accumulate, and first-class paper is scarce, thus keeping the market in a peculiar shape; for it may be fairly spoken of as peculiar when notes are held up, with a plethora of funds, and a constant accumulation of deposits.

Stocks were active, and generally higher, with Lake Shore as a leading feature, and Western Union keeping well up with it. There are rumors of a strong stock movement.

The official statement of the business of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad for the year ending September 30, 1873, shows the earnings to have been $1,210,508.92; expenses, $879,700.01; net earnings $330,-808.91.

The earnings of the Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway for the fourth week in January are $215,000, against $129,975 for the corresponding week last year. For the entire month they are $654,400, against $334,715 for January, 1873, an increase of $319,685.

It is claimed that under the Presidency and special management of ex Governor Jacob D. Cox, of Ohio, the expenses of the Toledo, Wabash & Western Railway have been greatly reduced, the saving in November having been $15,000; in December $90,000; and in January, $100,000. If this economy be carried through the year, the savings alone will be equal to 7 per cent. on the common stock of the company. The earnings for the first three weeks in January are $55,000 in excess of those of the same period last year.

Luther S. Kaufman, Stoker, No. 96 Fourth Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Thursday.	Friday.
Gold closed at	111¾	111¾
U. S. Sixes—1881—coupons	117¾	118
Do., do. 1881.	118	118¾
5-20 1862.	113¾	114
5-20—1864.	116¾	117¼
" 1865	116	116¾
" 1865 new.	117	117¾
" 1867.	118¼	118¾
" 1868—coupons.	118	118¾
11-40's.	110¾	111
10-40's—coupons	114¾	114¾
Currency 6's	118¾	119
New 5 per cents	111¾	112¾
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	103¾	1103¾
Erie	49¾	49¾
C. C. & I. C.	93	95
A. & P. Preferred	18¾	19
St. Paul	47¾	47¾
Do. preferred	71¾	72¾
Michigan Southern	82¾	83¾
Do. Central	93¾	93
North Western Common	59¾	59¾
Do. preferred	73	74¾
Rock Island	102	102¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	99½	99¾
Pacific Mail	42¾	42¾
Western Union Telegraph	76¾	76¾
Ohio & Mississippi	24¾	24¾
Union Pacific	34¾	34¾
Toledo & Wabash	52¾	53¼
Harlem	130	130
Chicago and Alton	108¾	109
Adams Express	93¾	93¾
American Express	64¾	64¾
U. S. Express	70	70¾
W., Fargo & Co. Express	74¾	76
L. C.	103¾	103¾
Fort Wayne	93	93¾

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 75 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of certificates on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day:

	Thursday.	Friday.
Penna. Central	69¾	69¾
Reading	99¾	100
United Cos. of N. J.	121¾	121¾
Oil Creek	17¾	18¾
Lehigh Valley	96¾	96¾
A. V. R. R. 7-30	91	91
Central Transportation	43	43
Empire do.	60	61
Penna. scrip dividend	95¾	96

NEW YORK, February 6, 1874.

Money was very easy at 3@4. Prime business notes are taken at 6@7. Sterling is heavy at 484 for sixty days and 487@487½ for sight. The customs receipts amounted to $718,-000. Gold was stronger, closing at 111¾. The carrying rates were 2 to 5. The Treasury disbursements were $246,000. The clearings were $24,000,000. Government bonds were strong. State bonds were quiet and nominal. Stocks were strong, with an advance in prices of from ¾ to 3¾ per cent. up to the second board, when a reaction of ¾ to ¾ per cent. took place in the general list, and 1¾@3 per cent. in Harlem and Michigan Central. Towards the close the market became strong, and a recovery ensued, some shares closing at the highest point of the day. The dealings were well distributed, with more activity in some low priced shares than usual. At the final close the market was firm on the great ease of money and increased earnings of a number of railroads. The sales between ten and two o'clock amounted to 98,000 shares, of which 12,000 were Western Union, 8,000 St. Paul, 26,000 Lake Shore, 6,000 Northwest preferred, 4,500 Northwest common, 4,000 Rock Island, and 4,200 Boston, Hartford & Erie.

Governments—U. S. coupons, 1881, 119; 6-20's '62, 116¾; do. '64, 117¾; do. '65, 118¾; 5-20's '65, new, 117¾; do. '67, 118¾; do. '68, 118¾; new 5's, 112¾; 10-40's, 113¾; Currency 6's, 118.

State Bonds—Missouri, 92½; Tennessee, old, 81¾; do. new, 81¾; Virginia, new, 47; do. old, 38¾; North Carolina, new, 28¾; do. old, 28.

Stocks—Canton, 74; Western Union Telegraph Co., 76¾; Quicksilver, 34; Adams Express, 93½; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 75¾; American Express, 64¾; United States Express, 71; Pacific Mail, 42¾; New York Central, 104; Erie, 49¾; do. preferred, 76; Harlem, 128¾; do. preferred, 119; Michigan Central, 92; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 89¾; Northwestern common, 59¾; do. preferred, 74¾; Rock Island, 102¾; New Jersey Central, 103½; St. Paul, 47¾; do preferred, 72¾; Toledo & Wabash, 53¼; do. preferred, 72; Ft. Wayne, 93¾; Terre Haute, 14½; do. preferred, 30; Chicago & Alton, 109; do. preferred, 112½; Ohio & Mississippi, 24¾; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 84¾; Burlington & Quincy, 106; Lake Shore, 82¾; Panama, 81¾; Illinois Central 103¾; Union Pacific, 34¾; Central Pacific, 95¼; Union, 85½; Hartford & Erie, 2¾; Delaware & Lackawanna, 110¾.

LONDON, February 6—5 P. M.—The rate of discount in open market for three months' bills is 3¾ per cent., which is the same as the Bank of England rate. Consols: money 92@92¾; account 92@92¾; 5-20s '65, 108¾; do '67, 108¾; 10-40s, 106¾; new 5s, 102¾; New York Central, 95¾; Erie, 46¾; do preferred, 70.

PARIS, February 5—Rentes 58f 45c.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, February 6, 1874.

The markets continue moderately active, but in a general way are devoid of any new features worthy of special notice. Produce is coming in more freely in consequence of the improved condition of the country roads, but with a steady demand, there is no accumulation, and, as a rule, prices are fully sustained.

APPLES—The arrivals continue meagre, but the supply is still fully equal to the demand, and prices remain unchanged at $2.50@2.75 ₩ bbl.

APPLE BUTTER—Is in steady demand, and we can report regular sales at 6@7c per gall.

BEANS—Still quotable at $2@2.25 ₩ bushel, and the market is a little firmer.

BEESWAX—Continues quiet, and cannot be fairly quoted above 24@26c ₩ lb.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Dull at 3¾@4c.

BUTTER—Notwithstanding the arrivals continue liberal, there is no accumulation and prices are fully sustained, 25@30 for medium to good, and 35@38 for prime to choice.

CHEESE—There is a continued steady demand, and the market is firm at the recent advance, prime Ohio Factory 14@15c. New York 16@17. The receipts continue light, and holders generally are very stiff, as a further appreciation soon is expected.

COUNTRY LARD—8@9c ₩ lb.

CRANBERRIES—Are selling in a regular way at 10@12 ₩ bbl. according to quality.

DRIED FRUIT—There is a continued good demand, especially for new crop, and as the supply is light, prices are firm but unchanged. Apples, 6@7c. Peaches also in light supply, but unchanged at 10@12 for halved, and 14@15 for halves. Blackberries, 14@15.

EGGS—There is, as noted in our last report, rather more inquiry for fresh, but there has been no improvement in prices, 22@23c. Pickled continue very dull. Some dealers report that they have no inquiry for them at any price.

FLOUR—Is quiet and unchanged. Spring wheat flours, $7.25@7.75. Red winter, $8@8.50. White, $9@10. Rye Flour, $5.50@5.75.

GRAIN—The market for Wheat is easier, and we reduce our quotations 5c ₩ bushel as follows: red winter $1.55@1.63, and white $1.60@1.70 —millers say that they can bring prime red from the west at a cost of, not exceeding, $1.60. The Oat market is quiet but unchanged: 54@56 —some dealers say that it is very difficult to dispose of a round lot at anything over 55. Ear Corn is fairly quotable at 66 for white and mixed and 70 for yellow. Sales of Shelled at 75c for prime new, and 80 for prime old. Rye is selling at 80 for small lots, but a round lot would no doubt bring $1.05.

GROCERIES—It was rumored to day that Coffee had commenced to recover in the east, somewhat from the effects of the recent panic, but we cannot vouch for the correctness of the rumor—the next Rio telegram, momentarily expected, will cause the market to move one way or the other. Sugars continue weak, and we reduce our quotations on refined goods ¼ of a cent all around. Molasses is steady, quiet and unchanged. Choice Carolina Rice is firm, and Prunes, Raisins and Currants are held at very full rates.

SUGARS—Patent Cut Loaf, 12¼; Crushed, Powdered and Granulated, 11¾; Standard A, 11; No. 1, 10¾; No. 2, 10¼; No. 3, 9¾; Franklin Extra C, 9¾; Franklin No. 2 Extra C, 9¼; Yellow Sugars, 8 to 9 as to quality.

COFFEE—Choice Rio, 22@24; good to prime, 19@21; fair, 28@30. Roasted 1 pound packages, 25c; loose, 20c.

MOLASSES—Strictly prime new crop New Orleans, 74@76c fair to prime old, 70@75.

SYRUPS—Extra White Drips, 70c; Sugar Drips, 60c; Amber, 60@65; lower grades, 35@40, as to quality.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9¾; Patna, 8¾c; Rangoon, 7¾c.

HAY—The offerings of wagon hay in Allegheny were comparatively light to-day, and with an average demand, prices were steady at $18@20 per ton, as compared with the early part of the week; sales were made at $20@22 ₩ ton, according to quality. The market for baled continues dull, but unchanged, $18@21.

HOMINY—$4@4.50 ₩ brl.

ONIONS—Are in better supply, and the market is reported dull. We continue to quote at $5.50@7.50 ₩ brl.

OILS—Coal Oil, 28@30. No. 2, 26@29. Linseed, $1.10@1.15. Carbon firm and advancing, 40c by the car load, and 42@45c additional for smaller lots.

POTATOES—There is a good jobbing trade, and prime Peach Blows are quoted firm at $1.25 @1.30 ₩ bushel for small lots out of store.

POULTRY—Continues quiet and unchanged Dressed Chickens, 10@12. Turkeys, 14@16 Geese, 9@10.

PROVISIONS—Extra Sugar cured Hams, 9¾ lb. 13. Ex. Sugar Cured Shoulders, 9¾. Sugar cured Breakfast Bacon, 12 cts. Extra Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 13¾. Beef tongues, $17.50 ₩ doz. Bacon Shoulders, per lb, 8½c. Bacon Sides, 9½c. Bacon Short Rib Sides, 9½c. Bacon Clear Rib Sides, 10c. Mess Pork, $16.75 per barrel. Refined Lard for summer use, in tres, 10½. Do. half bbls, 11c. Do. bbls, 11¾. Do. in 5 lb. cans, 12½. Do. in 2 lb. cans, 13½c. do. in 3 lb. pails 13¾c ₩ pound. Do. in 5 lb. pails, 13. Do. in 5 lb. pails, 12¾. Do. in 5 lb pails, 13½c. Ham Sausage, 10.

RAGS—Quoted at 2¾@3c.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.60 ₩ brl. by the car load, and $1.80 in a jobbing way.

SEEDS—Flax Seed is wanted at $2, and a round lot would doubtless bring more. Clover Seed, $8.75@9. Timothy, $3.50@3.75.

TALLOW—6¾@7½c ₩ lb.

WHISKY—Highwines, $1.03@1.05 ₩ gallon.

PITTSBURGH IRON AND NAIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, February 6, 1874.

Trade in finished iron continues fairly active, and the market is steady without, however, any change to note in the rates; we repeat our quotations on a basis of a three cent card for early delivery say within the next twenty or thirty days. Orders for March or April, from all we can learn, cannot be placed under two to three tents additional. Manufacturers generally are loth to contract ahead, and as already intimated, those who expect to buy for specific deliveries at current rates, will be doomed to disappointment. Makers, of course, cannot realize until time of delivery, and it is but reasonable to expect them to run the risk of the market or carry stock 60 or 90 days for the convenience of buyers, without being paid for it, any thing additional for it—to use a common phrase, is "piling on." We stated in our report of last week that the price of Nails had been fixed on the basis of a four dollar card, which brought the selling price down to $3.87½; this was an error. The card was fixed at $4¼, which brings the selling price for 100 keg lots, and upwards, down to the usual time, or 2 per cent. off for cash. These are the rates both here and at Wheeling, and we are reliably informed, that they will be rigidly adhered to. The prospects for a heavy spring trade are very encouraging.

FLAT BAR.

1½ to 4 by ⅜ to 1 inch	3 8-10c
4½ to 6 by ⅜ to 1 inch	3 9-10c
1¼ to 6 by 1¼ to 1½ inch	3 5-10c
1¾ to 6 by 1¾ to 2 inch	3 7-10c

ROUNDS AND SQUARES.

1 to 1¾ inch	3 9-10c
1¾ to 2¼ inch	4 1-10c
2¼ to 2¾ inch	4 3-10c
⅝ to ⅞ inch	3 8-10c
1 to 1¼ inch	3 7-10c

HORSE SHOE.

All sizes	4 8-10c

NAIL RODS.

Nail rod	7 2-10c

HEAVY BANDS.

⅜ to 6 by ¼ and 5-16 inch	3 8-10c
⅜ to 6 by ⅜ and ½ inch	4 3-10c
⅜ to 6 by ⅝ and ¾ inch	4 00c

LIGHT BANDS.

3 to 6 by 8-16 to No. 12	4 3-10c
1¾ to 2¾ by 8-16 to 13-32	5 9-10c
1¾ to 2¾ by 8-16 to 13-32	4 5-10c

HOOPS.

⅜ to 3 inch	6 8-10c
⅜ to 3 inch	5 9-10c
⅜ to 2 inch	4 9-10c
1¾ to 2¾ inch	4 3-10c
1¾ to 2¾ inch	4 1-10c

OVAL IRON.

⅜ to 1¼ inch	4 3-10c
⅜ to 1 inch	4 1-10c

HALF OVAL AND HALF ROUND.

⅜ to 1¼ inch	5 4-10c
⅜ to 1 inch	4 7-10c

SQUARE TWIST IRON, ¾ to 1¼ inch Round Rod | 5 3-10c

TANK IRON.

	Rolled.	Hammered.
8-16, ¼ and ⅝ inch thick	5 8-10c	6 8-10c
¾ inch	5 8-10c	6 8-10c

	Rolled.	Heads, flanging	Bolled.
Heads, flanging	5 8-10c	Flow slabs	5 8-10c
Flow slabs	5 8-10c	Wagon box iron, ¾ inch	5 8-10c
Heads, not flanging	6 2-10c	Wagon box iron, ⅝ inch	5 4-10c

SHEET IRON.

	Rolled.	Charcoal.	Juniata.
No. 10 to 14	5 8-10c	7 8-10c	8 8-10c
No. 15 to 19	5 8-10c	7 8-10c	8 8-10c
No. 21 to 24	5 7-10c	7 2-10c	8 7-10c
No. 25 to 26	5 7-10c	7 4-10c	8 9-10c
No. 27	5 7-10c	7 4-10c	8 9-10c

All sheets over 28 in. wide 4c per lb extra.

RAILROAD IRON—COUNTERSUNK AND PUNCHED.

	Rolled.	Juniata.
1¼ by ⅝, 7-16 and ½ inch	4 3-10c	5 3-10c
¾ by ½ Nailed Spikers	4 3-10c	5 3-10c
1¼, 1¾ and 2¼ and ½ inch	3 8-10c	4 00c
1¾ by ¾ inch	3 8-10c	4 00c

EXTRAS FOR CUTTING TO LENGTH.

Flat bars and round and squares	1-10c
Sheared plates	1-10c
Light bands and wagon box iron	2-10c
Hoops	3-10c

CUT NAILS, BRADS, SPIKES, ETC.

	Per keg.
10d to 60d nails, fence and brads	$4 50
8d and 9d nails, fence and brads	4 50
6d and 7d nails, fence and brads	4 75
4d and 5d nails	5 00
3d nails	5 25
20 nails	7 00

FINE BLUED. CLINCH.

20	$7 25
22	5 00

CASING. CUT SPIKES.

10d to 30d	$ 50
8d to 6d	5 25
5d and 7d	5 75

3 to 6 inch	4 50

BARREL.

¾ inch	5 25
1 inch	5 25
1 inch	5 75
1¼ inch	5 75
1½ inch	6 25
2 inch	6 75

Tolacco Nails—Fifty cents per keg advance on common cut.

Casing Nails—Seventy-five cent's per keg advance on common cut.

Finishing Nails, $1.25 advance from 4d to 40d.

10 to 20	$1 in $6.00
8d to 6d	1 in 10.00

Rooding Nails—Fifty cents per keg advance in common cut.

Shingle Nails, 5 cents per lb advance on Iron.

Tinned, 1¼ per keg, $1 00

Copper, all sizes 50

In 100 keg lots and upwards.

Terms—Four months per keg, sixty days. Two per cent allowed only in case invoices are paid for in ten days from date.

PIG IRON AND BLOOM MARKET—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, February 6, 1874.

Trade in pig iron has been rather quiet during the past week, the sales in the aggregate having been comparatively light, but the market is steady with no quotable change in prices. While, as noted in our last report, there have been some sales of forge iron at $32, communication merchants generally give $33.4 mos and $30, cash, as the prevailing rates. Foundry iron continue dull, and prices are irregular, as there is a wide range in quality. No. 1 is quotable at $36@ 36; No. 2 at $30@32. White and Mottled, $27@28 Charcoal—Cold blast mill, $37@40; do. Foundry, $40@45. Cold blast car wheel, $60@65. There is not enough doing in Blooms to establish quotations.

Following sales were reported:

CONNELLSVILLE COKE.

100 tons No. 1 mill	$31 00	4 mos
30 tons No. 1 Foundry	35 00	4 mos

BITTSBURGH COAL SMELTED FROM L. S. ores.

500 tons A round lot	29 00	cash
30 tons Foundry	31 50	4 mos
40 tons Foundry	30 00	4 mos
100 tons Gray Forge	19 00	cash
200 tons No. 1 Foundry	26 00	4 mos
100 tons Gray Forge L. S.	32 00	4 mos
200 tons Gray Neutral	31 00	4 mos
1850 tons mixed lot	30 00	4 mos

CHARCOAL HANGING ROCK.

110 tons No. 1 Foundry	$41 50	60 4 mos
2½ tons No. 2 Foundry	38 50	4 mos
20 tons No. 2 Foundry	38 50	4 mos
100 tons No. 2 Foundry	35 00	4 mos
7 tons Mill Iron	35 00	4 mos
10 tons Cold Blast Foundry	55 00	4 mos
1 tons Cold Blast Foundry	55 00	4 mos
20 tons Mill—hot blast	47 00	4 mos

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, February 6, 1874.

We intimated in our last report that the advance in crude was too rapid to be permanent, and subsequent events have justified the prediction: the market, to day, according to the latest advices from above, has taken the back track, and prices, as compared with Tuesday, are off from 15 to 20 per bbl. We heard no special cause assigned for the reaction, but the probability is that a good many of the tankers, we refer to those who tanked on speculation, turned sellers, as there was a margin of from fifty cents to one dollar per bbl., and this, as a matter of course, would be sufficient to break the market. It was the heavy purchases of speculators that run the market up, and it is evident that a break would occur as soon as it was ascertained that they had commenced to sell freely, as a rule, will take hold very sparingly just now, and this, together with tankers wanting to sell, has no doubt had considerable to do with causing the reaction to which reference has been made. It is expected however, that prices will not go much, if any, below two dollars, and another spurt upward within the next week or two is not improbable, as the easing up in money matters has, as it always does, stimulated the oil trade. Refined was also weak to-day. Philadelphia dispatches reporting a decline of half a cent.

The market for barrels continues dull, but nominally unchanged: countries, $1.75; city make, $1.85.

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. & WEST PENNA R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Lockhart & Frew	Warden F. & Co.	392
Citizens Ref. Co.	Tack Bros.	265
Total		656

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Lockhart and F.	Brilliant O. W.	2,334
McKelvy	Vesta O. W.	240
Fisher Bros.	Standard O. W.	240
W Stewart	Sunbeam O. W.	240
Total		3,744

Wool.

PHILADELPHIA, February 6.—Wool: advancing tendency; firmer and scarce; Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia X delaine extra and above 56¾@58c; extra 55@56c; medium 55 @57c; coarse 50@52c; New York, Michigan, Indiana and Western fine 50@52½c; medium 54 @56c; coarse 48@50c; combing washed 62½@ 65c; combing unwashed 42½@43c; Canada combing 63@65c; fine unwashed 56@57½c; coarse and medium washed 55@58c; tub washed 56@57½c; extra and merino pulled 45@50c; No. 1 and superfine pulled 47@50c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, February 6, 1874.

FLOUR—Dull; Extra superfine $5.50@6.00.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and unsettled and lower; No. 1 spring $1.23; No. 2 $1.21 cash; $1.22½ seller March; $1.25¼ seller April; No. 3 $1.15; rejected March $1.10. Corn dull and lower; No. 2 mixed spot 57c; seller March 58c; rejected 52@ 53c. Oats dull and lower; No. 2 41½c cash; 42¼c seller March. Rye quiet; No. 1 firm $1.07@1.80; No. 2 $1.57@1.60.

PROVISIONS—Pork active and firm, $14.40 cash, $14.50 seller March. Lard steady, moderate demand; 9c cash; 8¾c seller April. Bulk meats steady; moderate demand; shoulders 5¾c; short rib middles 7¾c spot; seller March about ¼c higher.

DRESSED HOGS—Heavy $6.60; light $6.70.

WHISKY—Demand fair and market firm; 96c.

New York.

NEW YORK, February 6.—Cotton dull at 15¾c. Flour dull and in buyers' favor; superfine western and State $5.85@6.15; common to good $6.30@6.40; good to choice $6.60@7.00. Whisky lower at 99¾c@$1. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 spring $1.54@1.57; No. 2 Milwaukee $1.57@1.59; No. 1 Minnesota $1.60@1.63; winter red Illinois $1.48. Rye and Malt quiet. Barley scarce and held firmly. Corn dull and lower, new western mixed at 80@82c; new yellow western 82@84c. Oats opened heavy and closed a shade lower; mixed western 62@62½c; in store 62c. Hay, hops, molasses, coffee and rice quiet and unchanged. Sugar firm at 7¾@8¾. Petroleum dull and declining; crude 8@ 8¼; refined 15¾@15¾c; seller March 16c. Turpentine 50@51c. Pork heavy at $15.25. Beef and cut meats unchanged. Middles heavy. Long clear 8¾c; short clear 9¾c. Lard heavy at 9 7 16c. Butter firm at 22@35c. Cheese firm at 9¾@16c.

Foreign.

LONDON, February 6.—Turpentine 36¾s. Sperm oil 97s. Refined petroleum 13¾d.

ANTWERP, February 6.—Refined petroleum 33f.

LIVERPOOL, February 7.—Cotton steady; middling upland 7¾; Orleans 8¾; sales 12 000 bales; American 8 500; speculation and export 2,000. Breadstuffs quiet. California white wheat average 13s 4@13s 8d; do club 13s 8d@ 13s 10d; red western, spring 11s 10d@12s 6d; red winter 12s 3d@12s 6d. Flour 25 @29s 6d. Corn 29s 6 @30s. Pork 69s. Lard 44s. Cheese 71s. Bacon: long clear middles 40s; short do 41s. Refined petroleum 12¾@12¾d. Turpentine 58s.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, February 5.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; 15¾c. Flour dull; $7@7.25. Wheat dull; $1.46@1.50. Corn quiet; 60@62c Lard weak; sales of steam 9c; kettle 9¾; city kettle 9¾c. Bulk meats dull and lower; sales Oats steady; 48@54c. Rye steady and quiet; $1.30. Pork dull and nominal; $15.12½@15.50. Bacon 7@8¾@9¾. Hogs quiet; light grades lower and selling at $6.25@6.35; heavy $6.15@ 6.25; receipts 8,260; shipments 1,840. Whisky steady and in moderate demand at 97c.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, February 6.—Flour and Wheat unchanged. Corn: mixed western easier at 80c. Oats firmer: western 53@57. Rye quiet at 91@ 97c. Provisions heavy and quiet. Pork 16.50@ 16.75. Bulk shoulders 6¾; clear rib 8¾c. Lard unchanged. Butter scarce; good to fine western roll 33@37c; do northwestern tub 33@40c. Coffee unchanged. Whisky quiet at $1.00.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, February 6.—Cotton quiet at 15c. Flour and wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn quiet and firm. Oats quiet. Rye firmer at $1.35@1.40. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged. Bacon quiet; shoulders 7¾c; clear rib 9¾; clear 9¾c. Lard: tierce 9¼c; keg 10¼c. Whisky firmer at 96½c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, February 6.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and declined; amber Michigan $1.48½; seller February $1.49½; seller March $1.51¾; seller April $1.54. Corn steady; moderate demand; high mixed 66½c; new 62½c; low mixed 61½c. Oats steady; moderate demand; No. 2 47¼c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE February 6.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet and weak; No 1 Milwaukee $1.24¾; No 2 $1.22. Oats steady and in moderate demand; No 2 40¾c. Corn dull and declined; No 2 mixed 57½c. Rye steady and in moderate demand; No 1 78c. Barley steady and in moderate demand; No 2 $1.80.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, February 6.—Flour dull; superfine $5.25@5.90. Wheat dull; red $1.57@ 1 65; amber $1.74@1.76; white $1.85@1.86. Rye held at 95c. Corn quiet; new 70@72c. Oats firm; white 65@64c; mixed 57@60c. Petroleum: crude 11c; refined 14¾c. Whisky held at $1.02.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, February 6.—Cotton active, low middlings 14¾c; middling 15¾c; strict do 15¾@ 16c. Flour dull and unchanged. Corn steady 75c. Oats dull; 58@60c. Lard—demand fair and market firm; 9¼@10¼. Bulk meats dull and lower; 6¾@6¾@8¾@8¾. Whisky 96c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, February 6.—Grain dull and inactive; No. 1 wheat $1.57; No. 2 do $1.48. Old mixed corn 72@74c; new do 68@69c. Oats steady at 50c. Petroleum firm at 12c for standard white in car lots.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, February 6.—Wheat; light demand; No. 1 Milwaukee $1.57@1.58. No. 2 red winter $1.75. Corn dull; 80c. Barley quiet and unchanged.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE February 6.—Corn 75c. Oats 60c. Cotton, flour, wheat and provisions quiet and unchanged. Whisky firm at $1.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, February 6.—Cattle: receipts to-day, including 7 cars reported to arrive, 110 head, making a total for the week thus far of 7,293 head, or 429 cars, against 391 cars same time last week; no market to-day; all offerings save a few odds and ends disposed of. Sheep and lambs: receipts to-day, including reported arrivals, 7,000, making total supply for the week thus far 17,600, against 8,200 for the same time last week; the market closed heavy; all the stock in the yards unsold will be shipped East in first hands; Canada sheep and lambs $6.50@7.00; western sheep $5.00@6.50 with choice lots a shade higher; sales of 1,800 Michigan sheep, averaging 74 to 90 pounds at $4.70@6.40; 500 Ohio sheep averaging 94 to 114 at $6.00@7.25; 440 Illinois sheep averaging 74 at $5.00. Hogs: receipts to-day, including reported, arrivals 2,700, making the total supply of the week thus far 23,900, against 14 400 for the same time last week. The market is closed for want of good stock to operate with; light pigs $6.00@5.25; Yorkers $5.00@5.75; heavy hogs $6.00@6.25.

NEW YORK, February 6.—Beeves: to-day's receipts 1,080 head, making 3,220 for four days, against 1,500 same time last week; market about steady, but unchanged; prices ranging at 9c to 10¾c for Texans, and 9¾c to 12¾c for native steers; fat bulls sold at 4¾@ live weight. Sheep: receipts 5,200 head, making 13,420 for four days, against 6 840 same time last week; demand fair at previous quotations; the offerings, which included poor to extra, all sold at 6@8c, with the bulk of the transactions at 7@7¾c. Swine: receipts 2,820 head, making 20,100 for four days, against 12,500 same time last week; none offered alive; dressed dull and lower, closing at 7¾@8c for city, and 7@7¾c for western.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, February 6.—The general market is inactive, but some departments show an improvement. Cotton goods are in moderate demand at current prices, which are firm. Medium fancy prints and shirting styles are in steady request. Ginghams are in fair demand. Cottonades are improving. Dress goods are in moderate request. Woolens for men's wear are rather more active. White goods and Hamburg edgings are selling more freely.

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. CROSSING.

Brown and Co. m	2	Nimick & Co. m	11
Byers & McC. m	3	Lind-ay & McC. m	7
Coon S & Co. m	3	Painter & Co. m	4
Reese G & Co. m	4	Lloyd & H. m	4
Bell Fore & Iron Co. m	8	Loomis & C. m	1
J W Porter, m	2		
Total	42		

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Shoenberger B & Co. o	15	Reese G & Co. o	2
Isabella Furnace. o	10	Pgh Bolt Co. o	1
McKnight P & Co. o	5	Lucy Furnace. o	10
Dilworth P & Co. p	2	Lloyd & H. p	2
McKnight P & Co. p	6	W Clark & Co. p	1
Rogers & H. m	1		
Total	70		

PENN'A. CENTRAL RAILROAD, MONTHLY REPORT.

Caughey and H. m	27	J Moorhead. b	4
Caughey and H. b	4	J Moorhead. m	29
S Wister. m	42	J W Porter. m	8
Mackintosh H and Co. m	16	J Reamer. m	28
Brown & Co. m	10	McKnight & Co.	20
Nimick and Co. m	88	Totten & Co. m	2
Total			225

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R R.

Nimick and Co. m	1

RIVER PACKETS.

For Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.

SATURDAY, February 7.
THE STEAMER
WILD DUCK AND BARGES.
C. F. ADAMS.....Commander.
Will give through receipts to Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans at lowest rates.
For freight apply on board or to
J. B. CONWAY.

Pittsburgh and Cincinnati Weekly Packet

SATURDAY, Feb. 7—4 P. M.
THE PASSENGER
STEAMER
JUNIATA.
C. L. BRENNAN.....Commander
W. S. DRAVO.....Clerk
Giving through receipts to Evansville, Nashville, Cairo, St. Louis, Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans.
For Freight or Passage, apply on board, or to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, or
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.

THIS DAY, February 6
THE POWERFUL TOWBOAT
FEARLESS AND BARGES.
W. BUCKINGHAM.....Captain.
W. STAFFORD.....Clerk.
Will receipt through to Nashville, Memphis and New Orleans.
For Freight apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
GIBBERT & MACKEY, Agents

HOME NEWS.

Child Run Over.

Shortly before three o'clock yesterday afternoon as George F. Leech was driving a furniture wagon along Ohio near East street, Allegheny, a little daughter of Cesar Ley ran out in front of the wagon, and was knocked down and run over. The child was picked up and removed to its home and medical aid summoned. Its injuries are not thought to be of a serious nature. Leech was arrested and taken before Deputy Mayor Nellie and a charge of assault and battery preferred against him. He was released on bail for a hearing on Tuesday.

Sheriff's Sales.

That efficient official Sheriff John H. Hare furnishes his contribution to this issue, which will be found in the inside, and to which attention is directed. In the manuscript presented we recognize the elegant chirography of a former gentle schoolmate, Mr. Alf Scandrett, than whom none knew better how to wield the quill. Sheriff Hare has shown a wise discrimination in the selection of his assistants—Chief Clerk Cinley, with assistant Scandrett—and the general satisfaction with which the affairs of the office are managed indicate that John is the right man chosen to fill the right place.

Letters Held for Postage, Feb. 6, 1874.

Thomas Conlon, Bonnett, Pa.; 2c; Mrs. O. L. Culver, Madison, Wis., 3c; Mrs. Davis, Pittsburgh, Pa., 2c; David Doty, Mifflintown, Pa., 3c; Timothy Driscoll, Bonnett, Pa., 1c; Con. Driscoll, Bonnett, Pa., 1c; Mrs. Sadie Graff, Worthington, Pa., 3c; Mr. Hart, Bonnett, Pa., 1c; Joseph Hartreck, East Brady, Pa., 2c; John Kress Carters, Pa., 3c; Methodist Book Concern, New York, 2 M. L. McGuire, Union City, Pa., 3c; George McLaughlin, Kittanning, Pa., 3c; Margaret Nealy, Thorn Hill, Pa., 3c; Mrs. C. H. Potter, Marseilles, Ohio, 3c; Mary E. Stourily, Titusville, Pa., 2c; Jane F. Skiles, Ligonier, Pa., 3c; Edgar W. Wilson, Oakland Mills, 3c; Mrs. C. B. Williams, Cincinnati, O.,io, 3c.

The Allegheny Apportionment.

The Committee on Apportionment of Allegheny Councils, held a meeting yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of apportioning the different wards for members of Common Council. Returns from all the Ward Assessors had been handed in, and were carefully examined by the Committee. They found that there would be no change in the number of representatives in Common Council, in any ward except the Seventh, and that ward gained one additional member, which now gives them three members of Common Council.

Mayor Callow at once had his proclamation for the election prepared according to the report of this Committee. The proclamation will be found in another column.

War Department and Retrenchment.

The War Department, it appears is reducing to practical effect the policy of retrenchment, recently demanded of it by Congress. There were employed at the Jeffersonville depot, of the Quarter Master's Department under the supervision of Deputy Quarter Master General Angel, Ekin about one hundred men, blacksmiths, carpenters, wheelrights, painters, harnessers, ware-house men, laborers, &c. Sixty-seven of these were discharged, by summary notice on the 31st ult. We infer from the phraseology of General Ekin's order, discharging the men which we clip from the Jeffersonville *Courier Journal*, as well as from our knowledge of the General's large hearted sympathy for men under his command, that the duty which he so promptly performed, in discharging so many industrious and useful men was painful to himself, as well as to the men suddenly thrown out of service.

JEFFERSONVILLE DEPOT OF THE Q. M.'S DEPT., JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., Jan. 31, 1874.

SIR—I am directed by the Quartermaster General of the army, under the instructions of the Honorable the Secretary of War, in view of the present condition of the appropriation for the Quartermaster's Department, to reduce at once the expenses for wages and services of the employes of the Jeffersonville depot not less than two-fifths.

In communicating this order, the Quartermaster General of the army remarks as follows:

* * * It is not simply a question now of economy of service, or usefulness of those employed, but of executing the order given by the Secretary in order to avoid violating the law by incurring a liability for wages which there is no money to liquidate. * * *

Your services will be dispensed with after the present date. During the time you have been employed in the service of the Government, under my direction, you have discharged your duties faithfully and efficiently, and to my entire satisfaction, and I desire to express to you my personal thanks and those of the department which I have the honor to represent.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,

JAMES A. EKIN,
Deputy Quartermaster General U. S. Army, In charge of Depot.

NAST'S LAST.

The Second Entertainment by the Caricaturist.

Humor when it comes second hand is hardly ever so enjoyable—a fact which was pretty well illustrated by Nast's second entertainment in Library Hall last evening. The weather, as a first cause interfered very materially with the attendance, although there was what for an ordinary attraction would have been looked upon as a very large house. A few of the seats were occupied but there were principally secured by persons whose presence was prevented by the snow storm. In point of financial success, however, the entertainment did not fall far short of the first night as there were no season tickets and all admission was charged for at full rates.

The entertainment was a repetition, with but one or two exceptions, of that of Tuesday evening—the only variations being in the first and last cartoons. The first was a rough sketch of two houses, accompanied by the remark from the artist that he designed a house in which he could draw two houses. At the last, in response to an enthusiastic encore, he returned to the stage and dashed off a sketch of a well known caricaturist, who had bidden "good night to all" a number of times before, and was then comfortably wrapped about with the drapery of his couch and lying down to pleasant dreams.

These fresh sketches received enthusiastic applause, and the demonstrations of approval for the cartoons, perhaps less enthusiastic than when first they were seen, were none the less appreciative. The first time the cartoon was the attraction; the second time the artist's wonderful facility was the more apparent, and perhaps of the two the entertainment he received last night was the most appreciative.

Mr. Nast, it is understood, remains in the city until Monday.

A WOOD STREET RIOT.

A Lively Row—One Man Shot—Shooting in the Street—Arrest of Two of the Rioters.

On last evening, about five o'clock, a party of men left Wood's saloon on Wood street near Fifth avenue, where they had previously been drinking. While they were in the tavern, it seems that a dispute arose on some argument, and they went out on to the pavement to settle difficulties and square things. The main dispute was between a man named Bradford and a young fellow from Mansfield, Ohio. Among the party was James Donovan, a constable of the Fifth ward, and a man named Shift, also from Mansfield, Ohio. The entire crowd was pretty well under the influence of liquor, and by the time they had got out upon the walk, they were decidedly riotous. A crowd soon collected, said things commenced to look well for a first class item, as very favorite (?) epithets passed quite freely. About the time that Bradford and the other man were at the height of their argument, Shift drew a revolver, and was about to shoot Bradford, when Donovan grabbed for him and he turned the weapon towards him and fired. The shot, fortunately entered his mouth between the lips, knocked out his front teeth, and lodged under the tongue. Had the bullet passed through any other portion of his face, it would undoubtedly have killed the constable, as he was so close to his antagonist, that the powder burned his face. As soon as Donovan was shot, he attacked his would-be-murderer, knocked him down, took the weapon away from him, and fired at him but missed him. He had the weapon cocked the second time, and pointed close to Shift's head and was about to fire, when some one grabbed his hand and thus prevented another tragedy. As soon as the firing commenced, most of those present scattered to the four winds and others hastened to the spot, as well as Acting Mayor Butler, who arrested Donovan, while Shift was arrested by the officers. Donovan was taken to Dr. Donnelly's office, who dressed his wounds and afterwards transferred to the lock-up, where the Mansfield youth had previously been confined. Shift has been in this city for a few days past, and confesses to having been on a protracted spree, and did not care to talk about this trouble, saying, that he would explain all to-day.

OBITUARY.

Death of John P. Pears.

It is always a painful duty for a journalist to record the death of an old, well known and prominent citizen. The task devolves upon us to day to speak of Mr. John Palmer Pears as having passed the dread abyss on Thursday last, and gone we doubt not to swell the hosts of the redeemed in Paradise. Mr. Pears was born in Montgomery county in this State, on the 19th of June, 1809. He emigrated with his father in 1816 to Hunderson, Kentucky. The family removed thence to Pittsburgh, in 1817, and his father, in company with the Messrs. Bakewell, erected here a black bottle factory, importing their workmen from England.

In 1830, the subject of this notice entered into service with Messrs. Bakewell, Page & Bakewell, flint glass manufacturers. In 1837 he became a partner in this house, and took charge of the manufactory. In 1844 the firm name was changed to Bakewell, Pears & Co., and so continued to this day. In 1848 he was married to Miss Rachael, daughter of the late Jacob Paul, Esq., of Germantown, Pa.

It will appear from the dates given that Mr. Pears has been actively engaged in business among us for more than forty years, going out and in among all circles of business—remarkable for diligence in his vocation, success in its pursuit, and for acquiring and retaining the very highest confidence and esteem of the entire community. We have been cotemporary with him in all these years, and have never heard a breath of doubt of his perfect rectitude and probity. It might be said of him, also, that he was remarkable for minding his own affairs, skillfully and faithfully, and letting other people mind their's. He rarely participated in any popular assemblages, but by the mere force of his sterling character was selected as President of the Birmingham Water Company, and, also, of the South Side Gas Company, holding both trusts from the organization of the respective companies until his death.

Mr. Pears was justly held in high esteem in social life and in the church of his choice. He leaves a stricken and disconsolate widow and eight children, six sons and two daughters, with whom all hearts are in sincere sympathy. He was a most exemplary husband and father, holding these relations by cords of affectionate endearment.

The entire community will lament his death as a calamity—as a breach in the circle of our gold and good men hard to be repaired.

THE TYLER-BOLSTER CONTROVERSY.

A Much Muddled Election—Queer Memories—Affidavits Unattested—A Wonderful Display of Forgetfulness—Members of the Election Board on the Stand.

Yesterday afternoon the hearing in the Tyler-Bolster contested Aldermanic election case, came up again before Commissioner Kirker. Some delay was had on account of Mr. Moore's, Bolster's counsel, absence.

Nicholas Richter, sworn—I was Judge of Election on the second Tuesday of December last, in the Second precinct of the Third ward, Allegheny. I opened the polls at six o'clock, when there were no officers present; I mean I went at that time; we opened for business between seven and eight o'clock; Peter Bolster swore the officers; he had affidavits made out, I put one in the ballot box and one I kept; "there it is," handing them to Mr. Magee. Mr. Chas. Herwig was a member of the board; he was sworn as return inspector.

The nine affidavits produced by the witness were then offered in evidence, showing that the return inpectors were not sworn.

Witness resumed—All the election officers were then sworn by the Alderman, who made out the papers and attested them; Henry Herman was a return inspector; votes commenced to come in about half past seven o'clock.

Q. Did you have a registry list that day?

A. I don't know what a registry list is, I never saw one; Mr. Bolster had a book; it looked like a pocket ledger; I don't know whether it was a book or a piece of paper; Bolster had a book there to use if taxes were paid; Bolster was taxcollector; officers of election did not examine this list when they offered to vote we swore six or seven during the day; I guess we put all the affidavits in the ballot box that night. It was late when we got through; don't know; many produced their naturalization paper; only one man voted on his discharge from the army; I was elected that morning by some of the citizens, because the election judge had moved out of the ward.

Cross examined—I saw no registry list; all the list I saw is that which Alderman Bolster had; I got these affidavits the morning of the election; they had been left out of the ballot box; the others were sent to the Mayor's office; these ought to have been put in the ballot box; I overlooked them and didn't put them in; Charles Herwig and Henry Herman were sworn that morning; their oaths were not attested as officers of election; Mr. Magee objected to this portion of the testimony, and the Commissioner noted the objection. These men were sworn by Alderman Bolster, and as far as I know, he signed the paper; I was there nearly all day; I was away a short time after twelve o'clock, about fifteen minutes; I saw nothing wrong except a little fuss shortly after twelve o'clock in the morning; it was not about the ballot box; it was about stuffing the cigar box; I was not in there; he was mad; the cigar box was used for counting ward tickets; those that were mixed with Council tickets; it wasn't funny; it was serious; we put them by themselves; we had no hourly count; we made three or four counts; might have made five.

Re-direct—I don't know how many votes we has on the first count.

John Mullen, sworn—I live in the Third Ward, Allegheny; I was at the polls about ten o'clock, election day; I saw no count posted up outside; I only staid a short time; went into the room; saw Mr. Herman count tickets out of a hat; he read them; some he put under the hat; I objected to him being on the board because he was a candidate; I objected to his reading some of the tickets and laying them under the hat; he explained that ward and council tickets had got mixed, and he got one kind under the hat; don't know what they were; he showed me one, but I couldn't say what it was; I requested him to leave the board; he said he wouldn't; he'd go off the ticket first; he was, I imagined, in the interest of Mr. Wagner; I was not sworn; I know I am not sure as to him; they were reading Council tickets.

Cross-examined—I do not recollect of him reading any but Council tickets; there should be distinct votes for voting in wards for Council tickets; I did not notice the ballot box as to having separate apartments; Mr. Merman gave me as a reason that he put tickets under the hat, because they were mixed; I don't know what was done with the tickets that had been put under the hat.

Re-direct—Saw no registry list; I refused to sign the petition contesting this election; I was supposed twice to attend as witness; I didn't want to come.

Cross-examination resumed—While I was in the room I think some votes came in; I took no particular notice; I think there were some votes taken in; I went to no one to ask them to sign the petition; I did not ask Mr. Druid; Andrew Snyder told of many irregularities at my house concerning this election; Snyder and I went down Federal street in a buggy, two or three; Tyler with the petition; I told him I would'nt sign it, when he stopped me; Tyler asked Snyder to sign it; I told Snyder if he saw these irregularities, he could sign it; I don't know from hearsay, he could not; he got out with Tyler and went into a store.

Mr. H. Herman, sworn—I was one of the regularly elected Inspectors of election of the Second precinct in the Third ward, Allegheny, and as such took part in the election; I was return inspector, and so I acted at this election; the regularly elected officers of the board were not present that morning; I was the only one; they nominated me for judge of election; I was there nearly all day; I do not remember of a registry list being in use; I don't know whether they called upon voters to swear; I helped make the first count; Mr. Tyler only had one vote; I carried no whisky into the board; I was sober all day; I believe I was sworn that morning; I signed two affidavits; if I swore I must have held up my right hand; I don't know as I took the oath before I commenced the duties of my office; I saw parties sworn, but do not know what officers they were; I don't know who was the other return inspector; he was a stranger to me; I knew Henry Hess; I don't know whether he kept tally or not; Hess, so far as I know, was not a sworn officer of the board; I don't know my own clerk's name; I don't think I was present every time a ballot was counted; I don't think I took part in all the counts; I don't know whether I left the room at any time while a count was going on; I don't think I left the room with Bolstein and Schultz, while the counting was going on; the ward tickets were counted last; this was at the final count; found either twelve or thirteen Council tickets mixed in with the ward tickets; when I found a Council ticket I put it into a cigar box close by me; I placed them in the cigar box because we wanted to finish the ward tally list first; before we finished the count; these votes were counted and credited where they belonged; I don't know of a "put up job" to put Lingenfelter in office; I am a friend of Bolster and Lingenfelter; I had a conversation with Bolstein and Schultz after I put the 13 tickets in the box; these tickets were credited after the conversation.

Q. Did you know after you had put these 13 tickets in the box how many votes it would take to elect Linkenfelter over Kridel?

A. I did not know, until some outside parties stated that would only take 2 or 3 votes to elect Lingenfelter. I heard them argue, that there was a man had at least four Council tickets in this cigar box, with the other 13 tickets; the tickets were afterwards taken out and were not counted. The hearing was then adjourned to Tuesday afternoon at three o'clock.

THE REVISORS.

Another Session of the Board—A Resolution and What Became of it.

Yesterday morning the Board of Revisors held a meeting in the Common Council chamber. Mr. Lewis was chairman, and Assessor Phelps, Secretary.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. McIlhenny:

Resolved, That the Secretary confer with the City Attorney and obtain his written opinion as to the eligibity of the following persons sitting as members of this Board: Michael Carney, First ward, Assessor; David Lewis, Third ward, member of Central Board; Chas. Bond, Fifth ward, Jury Commissioner. Samuel McIlhenny, Ninth ward, moved from ward. James Lappan, Tenth ward, Assessor. B. F. Kennedy, Eleventh ward, Honorary; Joseph H. Nobbs, Twelfth ward, Central Board. James T. McClure, Seventeenth ward, Assessor. Chas. W. Lewis, Eighteenth ward, Central Board. Benjamin Miller, Twenty-first ward, Assessor. Wm. Alexander, Twenty-third ward, Assessor. James Larimer, Twenty-fourth ward, Assessor, and office in Harrisburg. Mark Burke, Twenty-fifth ward, Notary Public. J. N. Jarrett, Twenty-sixth ward, Assessor. David Wenke, Twenty-eighth ward, Notary Public. J. H. Politt, Twenty-first ward, Deputy Sheriff. H. B. Smithson, Thirty-second ward, Alderman. H. W. Swift, Thirty-seventh ward, Alderman.

The resolution was ruled out of order by the Chair.

Mr. McIlhenny appealed from the decision of the Chair.

The Chair, however, decided the resolution out of order.

The Fourth ward reported all adopted save the exempted property.

The report of the Fifteenth ward was presented by Mr. Drum and approved. The assessments are the same as those made last year. The changes made by the Secretary were then read over and approved.

The report of the Ninth ward was read and approved.

Mr. Lewis moved that the schedule be adopted and the reading of the book dispensed with. The motion was lost.

Mr. Kennedy had previously taken the chair. At this time Mr. McIlhenny stated he had revised his "paper," and wanted an opinion. He had struck off the following names: Joseph H. Nobbs, Mark Burke, Dan Wenke and J. H. Politt. The case of Mr. Lewis was left on the list, as he was an Alderman, and consequently held more offices than allowed by law.

The resolution was once more called up.

Mr. Nobbs moved to lay it on the table. The whole matter was finally tabled, and the Revisors adjourned till Tuesday.

Nast's Mistake.

One of Nast's most pointed witticisms was that in which, while drawing a cartoon, he said that juvenile artists always were careful in drawing teeth—more so than dentists now-a-days. Nast forgot to make one exception—that of Dr. Quincy A. Scott, the leading Surgeon Dentist of this section, who not only "draws" teeth carefully, but is always careful in extracting them without pain. Dr. Scott has done so in myriads of cases, and is ready to demonstrate that he can do so again to any one who has suffered from pretended dentists, or who never knew what it was to have a tooth extracted without pain.

Dr. Scott also attends to all branches of dentistry, and will make single teeth, or a set, which he guarantees cannot be equaled at any other place in the city, and which will cost the purchaser much less money than the majority of inferior articles.

We advise our readers who may need anything in his line to call at 278 Penn avenue, and see what he can do.

A Bargain.

Dark heavy Cassimeres
for men or boys wear,
at 37 cents.
A. W. Erwin & Co.,
Federal street and Fifth avenue.

"Our Pittsburgh Store"
Is at
No. 26, Fifth avenue.
A. W. Erwin & Co.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Brief Notes of Matters Personal and Otherwise.

Most of the churches in the city and vicinity are holding meetings.

SERVICES have been held in the Fifth U. P. church, Allegheny, every night since the week of prayer.

PREACHING to-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., in the Central U. P. church, Allegheny. Communion services in the afternoon.

AT THE last communion in the Sixth U. P. church, Rev. R. B. Ewing, pastor, nineteen persons were received into membership.

"A RHETORICAL GENTLEMAN" is the apt title which the *United Presbyterian* attaches to that Dr. McKaig, of Chicago, who is the latest "liberal" sensation in Chicago.

THE *Advocate* is "gratified at this evidence of religious prosperity in the Church," which is attested by the revival notices which are just now crowding its columns.

A CHURCH was organized at Transfer, Mercer Co., January 29, with thirty-two members, by a committee of the Presbytery of Shenango. It is to be called "Grove church."

A REVIVAL MEETING is in progress in the Rev. Dr. Scovel's church, First Presbyterian Wood street, which has been kept up since the week of prayer and is very encouraging.

THE Presbyterian *Banner* in a chapter on "fires and churches" suggests as a moral from recent destruction in that line "Have enough furnaces and don't overheat your flues."

REV. W. COLLIER, of Connellsville Methodist (new Episcopal) church, reports a revival meeting of unusual interest. Seven accessions, (adults,) on the 24th, and sixteen inquirers since.

A REMARKABLE revival of religion is in progress in the different churches of Tyrone, and several hundred persons have connected themselves with the several religious denominations.

A SUNDAY school normal class, said to be the first within the bounds of the Pittsburgh Conference, has been organized at the Liberty street church, under the leadership of Mr. S. W. Hay.

REV. JOHN S. SANDS has been seriously ill since the formal opening of the new church edifice of the Eighth congregation. His prostration is the result of his arduous and unwearying labors.

REV. ALEXANDER CLARK, editor of *Methodist Recorder*, will deliver a lecture on Friday evening next, at nine o'clock, before the students of the Western Theological Seminary, Ridge street, Allegheny City.

THE "call" has been presented to Rev. Mr. Campbell, of Illinois, pastor elect of the Fourth U. P. church, Allegheny, but as yet he has not decided whether he will accept or reject. It is believed, however, that he will accept.

REV. W. P. JOHNSTON will preach in the Reformed Presbyterian church, Sandusky and North Diamond streets, (Rev. D. B. Wilson, pastor,) Allegheny City, Pa., on Sabbath, at 7½ P. M., by request of the Ladies' Missionary Society.

SERVICES will be held to-morrow in the new edifice of the Seventh U. P. congregation, which was dedicated last Sunday. Rev. W. H. Andrews, pastor, will conduct the exercises at 10½ A. M.; 2½ P. M., communion, and preaching at 7 P. M.

REV. DAVID ELLIOTT, D. D., LL. D., has been quite feeble for some time, but is rallying again and is in most excellent spirits, taking the same interest in the Church and all that concerns its welfare as ever. He is eighty-seven years old to-day.

A REVIVAL has been in progress for some time in a school district near West Newton, above McKeesport. Thirty-six profess to have experienced a change of heart, and about one-fourth of them will unite with the Presbyterian Church.

A REVIVAL MEETING in the Sawickley M. E. church, Rev. J. R. Mills, pastor, has been going on during the past fortnight, and has resulted in the accession of forty to the membership, with the meeting still kept up with unabated interest.

REV. J. W. BAKER President, announces, "there will be a meeting of the officers and managers of the Board of Church Erections, at the Pittsburgh Conference held at the M. E. Book Rooms, in Pittsburgh, February 17th, at ten and a half o'clock."

A UNION PRAYER MEETING was held in the First Presbyterian Church of this city last Thursday afternoon, the "Day of Prayer" for schools, colleges, and the youth of the land, when interesting reminiscences of the past were given by Messrs. Edwards, Bushnell, Albree, Marshall and Lauchlin.

THE *Banner* in making an appeal for increased contributions to the church, pertinently quotes from Matthew Henry, "A scandalous maintenance makes a scandalous ministry" and urges every church member to "pay up liberally so that the pastor will not be compelled to run on half time for lack of funds."

THE Memorial church of Brooklyn has been officially declared to be "worthy of the disapprobation of this (Brooklyn) Presbytery" for allowing Miss Smiley recently to occupy their pulpit. There don't however seem to be any trembling on that score in certain quarters in our city.

DR. MURRAY has commenced a series of sermons on "The Future State," in his church on Fifth avenue. The first, on last Sabbath evening, was on "Death, and the Separation of Body and Spirit." It was exceedingly interesting. The subject for to-morrow evening is "The Intermediate State"—after death.

THE missionary anniversary held at the Oakland M. E. Sabbath school last Sabbath was a very successful affair. There was a very large attendance. The address was delivered by Rev. Dr. W. B. Watkins, which was followed with an "impromptu" by Mr. J. H. Nobbs—a visitor. The basket collection, for which no previous arrangement had been made, was a good one.

THE CHILDREN'S CHOIR of St. Peter's Episcopal church, Brownsville, will give a little entertainment, on the 25th instant, the principal feature of which will be the awarding of a very elegant Bible to the candidate who will receive the most votes. There are four candidates in the field: Mathew Gruber, James Reynold, John McKernan and Harry Stigel.

THE *Recorder* thinks there needs to be a dress reform among church-going Christians. The sanctuary is becoming to much a mere parade ground for fashion. If there could be a plainer and cheaper Sabbath apparel among the rich, the poor might be willing to come to church in worship, and thus be led to the Saviour. The starch and gloss of wealth are heresies in the house of God."

AN INTERESTING ceremony, says the Johnstown *Tribune* of Wednesday, came off at the Episcopal Church corner of Vine and Franklin streets, last evening, being the occasion of the confirmation of eleven members of that denomination, by Bishop Kerfoot, assisted by Rev. Rafter, the resident pastor. The services were continued until half-past one hour, and the building was crowded by members of other congregations who were anxious to witness the ceremonies attendant upon this occasion. A few interesting remarks were made by the Bishop regarding the rite to be administered, and the exercises did not close until nearly ten o'clock.

"SUGGESTIONS."

Republican Ward Meeting—Candidates Suggested.

At a meeting of Republicans held in the wards named the following candidates for the positions named in the several wards were named.

THIRTEENTH WARD, PITTSBURGH.

Select Council—E. P. Jones, H. Metzgar, George Ewart. Common Council—Charles Powers, C. P. Duff, S. Bellore. School Directors—Robert Arthurs, J. H. Hunter, S. E. Hunter, W. M. Gormley. Judges of Election—H. Seaman, William Smith. Assessor—Robert Inder.

THIRTY-SEVENTH WARD, PITTSBURGH.

Select Council, for two years—one to nominate—I. G. Macfarlane, John F. McCombs, James S. Woodwell. Common Council (one to nominate)—John Semple, James McKay, M. McWhinney, R. G. Jones. Assessor, J. D. Livingston. School Director, (two to nominate) Theo. F. Aschbutz, John Fisher, Levi Sudden, W. L. Crumlish, Conrad Fisl. Judge John J. Walker. Inspector—Wm. Fisher, constable, (one to nominate) Arch. Scott, Neele Argyle, Isaac Boal, James Anderson, John. B. McFarland.

SIXTH WARD, ALLEGHENY.

At a meeting of the Republicans of the Sixth ward, Allegheny, held on Thursday evening, the following candidates were suggested for the various offices:

Select Council—Frederick Thomas, John J. Pettit. Common Council—George A. Cochrane, L. P. Stone, J. D. Strouse. School Directors—John B. Chambers, James Mathews, Joseph Kirkpatrick, Addison Lysle, David Cornelius, John A. Owens, H. B. Campbell. Judge of Election—Richard Fisher, John B. Chambers, Edward Bothwell. Inspectors—William Hart, John H. Trimble. Assessor—Thos. H. Gibson. Wm. B. Ross, John Fenderman, E. B. Mathews. Constable—John A. Dougherty.

THIRD WARD REPUBLICANS.

The Republicans of the Third ward held a meeting last evening in the Grant school house, and decided to hold their ward nominations on Saturday next, the 14th inst. The nominations of delegates for the city Convention will be held to-day.

"Housekeeping"
Goods in Great Variety,
Table Linens,
Towellings,
Napkins,
Sheeting Muslins,
Shirting Muslins,
Feather Ticking,
Furniture Check,
Curtain Nets,
at very low prices,
A. W. Erwin & Co.

Who Will be Nominated?

We cannot answer this question as yet, but we can assure persons in search of a fashionable tailoring establishment that Mr. B. Tuby will be found nailed by quite a majority as the most fashionable tailor on Smithfield street. All who have patronized him speak in praise of his suits, the quality of his cloths, and the fairness of his prices. Save money and save time by suiting yourself at No. 53 Smithfield street.

Nast, Nasty, Nastier, Nastiest.

At the Book and Periodical Store of Messrs. Gildenfenny & Hess, No. 45 Fifth avenue, can be had, in abundance, caricatures, which if not Nast's productions are yet very much like them. Some of the funniest you have ever seen, suitable for February 14th. Also Harper's Weekly, Frank Leslie's Chimney Corner, Jolly Joker, Wild Oats and many other periodicals too tedious to mention.

"One Thousand Pieces"
of new Hamburg Edgings,
Beautiful styles.
New Goods,
Fast edges,
from 5 cents to $2 00.
A. W. Erwin & Co.

The Best is the Cheapest.

And to no article of wear does this more appropriately apply than to that of boots or shoes. The constant wear and tear of boots and shoes require that in order to be of any lasting benefit, they should be made of the very best material, and the workmanship most durable. Mr. Wm. Martin of 108 Federal street, Allegheny, in the manufacture of these goods, fills the bill exactly of what is an excellent quality of boot or shoe. His work has a reputation for honesty and durability.

The Weber Piano
At Carl Retter's, No. 29 Fifth avenue. tf

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencillings of Passing Events.

Sheriff sales on inside.

And now for sleigh bells.

Give your girl a sleigh ride.

Nast drew another large crowd last evening.

Coasting will be in order with the boys to-day.

Politicians were busy last evening fixing things.

Primaries to-day between the hours of 4 and 7 P. M.

The coal miners along the Monongahela river will be paid to-day.

The ice prospect was brightening if the snow hadn't put a dampener on it.

Though the storm prevailed last evening, a number of sleighing parties turned out.

The jingle of bells last evening reminded one of the good old fashioned winters we were wont to have.

The insane man found wandering in the Allegheny Park on Thursday night was David Noon, of Elsa.

We only received —— poems on the "beautiful ——" last night. But we won't mention numbers or names.

A call, asking Ormsby Phillips to run as an independent candidate for Mayor, is being numerously signed by the citizens of Allegheny.

Some time during Thursday night some person unknown broke one of the show windows of a shoe store on Beaver, near Washington avenue, Allegheny, and stole about $30 worth of shoes.

The sunken portions of Allegheny, have been nearly all filled up again with the dirt dug out of the Troy Hill road. The avenue is in much better and more solid condition than ever before.

A new monthly journalistic venture has appeared on the South Side, emanating from Mount Oliver, known as the *Dutch Bagpipe* and devoted principally to local personalities. Unless it can raise more wind, it must soon be played out.

Coroner McClain yesterday held an inquest at the Western Pennsylvania Hospital on the body of John Karlowski, who died from the effects of a dose of arsenic administered by himself, with a view of suicide by taking arsenic was rendered.

On Thursday evening as a little boy named Thomas Cooley was coasting on the sidewalk on Arch street, Allegheny, he ran against a tree-box near Jackson street, and fractured his left leg. He was carried to his home and medical aid summoned.

It is said that Lizzie Schuettler has packed up her traps and gone to Philadelphia, leaving the mysteriations of the law perplexed at the absence of such an important witness in the trial of old Mrs. Schuettler and John Schuettler, which comes off in a few days.

The case of S. A. Harris, the man who was charged before Deputy Mayor Nellie, by Mrs. Sarah Loberbaugh, with false pretenses in obtaining from her several hundred dollars, which he promised to send him $100, was called up for a hearing yesterday afternoon, but the prosecutrix failing to appear, the case was dismissed.

A woman on Third avenue during the panic of 1873 drew out her money in the old savings bank, for fear of its failure. Now she mourns the loss of it, for she used to carry it on her person, and when she came to look for it yesterday to pay some bills, she found her wealth had taken wings and flown. A lesson for somebody.

Thursday afternoon, while Mrs. John McClain was returning from the residence of J. B. Miller, Esq., to her own home, in Steubenville, she slipped and fell on the pavement, breaking her right arm at the wrist. Dr. Hall promptly summoned and the fracture reduced. Mrs. McClinton is a sister of Dr. S. H. Nesbit, formerly editor of the *Christian Advocate* of this city.

Mr. W. W. Tyson, Street Commissioner of the Eastern district of Allegheny, states that he has a large quantity of old wood, suitable for kindling and fire-wood, which he will give to the poor of Allegheny, if they will only carry it away. Any one desiring it can call at the Allegheny City building from eight to nine o'clock in the morning, and from one to two o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Allen Stewart, who died in Allegheny on Wednesday evening, had long held official position in that city, at the time of his death he was holding the position of Market Constable, a place he had filled for the last six years. The deceased had been a member of Col. Black's Regiment, and after serving three years, came home with broken health, under which he never rallied. He was a member of the I. O. of O. F., and was widely known. His funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock.

PERSONAL.

***The old Conservatives denounce the nomination of Miss Glass for School Directress in the Fifth Ward, Allegheny, as a cheap transparent dodge for popularizing the ticket.

***Mr. George D. Riddle, who was named for re-nomination to Select Council from the Second Ward, Allegheny, announces that he will not be a candidate, having resolved to hereafter figure in private life. Mr. Riddle has been a member of Councils for many years, serving at one time as President of the Common Branch, and at present holds the Chairmanship of the Finance Committee. He has always been a strong Conservative Municipal Parsonage, and his retirement will leave a vacancy that will be hard to fill. He was the only candidate named at first but positively declined to stand.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—To-night closes the engagement of Mr. Couldock. Last evening, for his complimentary benefit, the gentleman was greeted by a crowded house. This afternoon at the matinee he will appear as *Luke Fielding* in the "Willow Copse." This evening he will positively appear for the last time.

LIBRARY HALL.—The citizens of this vicinity on Tuesday evening will have a chance for a thorough appreciation of the elder Sportsmen, for on that night, the Gounod Club will give us "Martha." That it will prove a credit to them we have no doubt, as it will be presented with full chorus and orchestra, and the following cast: Lady Harriet, Miss Louise K. Camp; Nancy, Miss Theresa Henne; Lionel, Mr. Paul Zimmerman; Plunket, Mr. Paul Boehme; Lord Tristan, Mr. Clarence Rinehart; the Sheriff, Mr. B. M. Everson; Conductor, Mr. Clement Teiotonio; Stage Director, Mr. Franz Lohmann; Leader, Mr. George Teorge. Sale of reserved seats commences at Kleber's music store, on Wood street, this morning.

THEODORE THOMAS.—On Friday evening next, the renowned orchestra of which the above named gentlemen is the head, will commence a series of three of their magnificent concerts. The troupe stay over Saturday and give a grand matinee and a concert on Saturday evening. Mr. Myron W. Whitney the celebrated concert and oratorio singer is with the company. The sale of seats commences on Monday morning at Kleber's music store on Wood street.

CITY HALL.—This evening Mr. and Mrs. Dick Curren give a select entertainment at City Hall. There will be a grand concert during the evening, and a drama the "Forrester" will be presented. Admission is but 50 cents and the proceeds are to go towards importing 2,000 birds into the city.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—To those who love the art mysterious, *soirees magique*, we would recommend Dr. Walzalba Frikell, the great German prestidigitateur, who is to perform his artistic in his line. The Professor is no mere gift showman, but a thoroughly skilled artist, who performs the most original and wonderful feats ever seen in this country. He taught Herman his profession, and he is the greatest that we have ever seen in his line. We speak from actual knowledge. This evening the gentleman gives his last performance, and those who do not attend, we can assuredly say, will miss seeing the most wonderful scientific performance ever given by any artist in this country.

CATHEDRAL FAIR.—To those enjoying the pleasure of handsome young ladies' society, and innocent amusement, and who wish to mingle charity with pleasure, we say go and attend this fair, and you will be well satisfied.

Quilted
Alpaca Skirts,
new and desirable,
only $2.50.
A. W. Erwin & Co.,
Federal street and Fifth avenue.

A Reputable Dress Goods House.

We have the pleasure of directing the attention of our readers to the well established and favorably known firm of Messrs. Hepsenheide & White, Orr & Co. of No. 25 Fifth avenue, which for many years has had such a firm hold in the confidence of the people, at home and abroad, by reason of excellence in quality of goods, variety of assortments, freshness of styles, reasonableness of price, courteous and gentlemanly attention to patrons, and the fair dealing and honest representation of all connected with the establishment. They have just received a full and complete selection of new spring chinizes, bordered, striped and figured. Also a very large assortment of percales and prints of the latest styles are being offered at very fair figures. In patronizing this house, our readers can rely on full satisfaction in all purchases, as the goods offered are of superior value and the prices low for the quality.

Early Rising in the Wagon Trade.

The old adage, "that if a man once gets a name for early rising he can afford to lie in bed until eleven o'clock" is fully verified in the reputation acquired by the wagon manufactory of Messrs. C. Coleman & Son, on Marion avenue, near Soldiers' Monument, Allegheny city. Manufactured, as they are, from the choicest and best material, by the most skilful, experienced and careful workmen, they are of a super rior quality and give excellent satisfaction wherever used. They manufacture Spring and Plain Wagons, Carts, Store Trucks and Wheelbarrows in every style.

Received This Day,
a choice selection of Nobby Dress Hats.
GRAHAM & McGREGOR,
46 Federal street,
Allegheny.

Where to Get a Nobby Suit.

There is no denying the fact that fashion rules us, and that we are often concerned as to where our clothing can be made in a fitting and becoming style. And there is no denying the other fact, which is that Mr. M. T. Heckert, of No. 47 North Diamond, Allegheny, can fully gratify the most exacting taste, in material, style and price. A fresh selection of beautiful cloths, Cassimeres and vestings on hand, and also an excellent stock of furnishing goods.

"Our Own"
Brand of Black Alpacas,
Beautiful Lustre,
Fine quality,
from 25 cents to $1 00.
A. W. Erwin & Co.,
Federal street and Fifth avenue.

Hats and Caps.

New goods, nobby, fancy and staple, in great variety and at prices which will suit the closest buyers, at GRAHAM & McGREGOR'S,
46 Federal street,
Allegheny.

The Weber Piano
At Carl Retter's, No. 29 Fifth avenue. tf

POLITICAL.

The Primaries to-day—Activity in Both Cities—Winding up the Work.

The preliminary canvass for the Republican nominations, in both cities, closes to-day with the Primaries. On both sides of the river the contest has been sharp, and few elections have been held to which such general attention has been attracted. There has been a pretty thorough overhauling of candidates, and if the people have not been duly informed as to the